

## GOLIAD COUNTY, TEXAS

ANNUAL FINANCIAL REPORT

FISCAL YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2022

## **GOLIAD COUNTY**

## COUNTY OFFICIALS

MIKE BENNET	COUNTY JUDGE
	COUNTY COMMISSIONERS
KENNETH EDWARDS	PRECINCT 1
DAVID YOUNG	PRECINCT 2
KIRBY BRUMBY	PRECINCT 3
KEVIN FAGO	PRECINCT 4
TIM POYNTE	COUNTY ATTORNEY
CHRISTINA HERNANDEZ	COUNTY TREASURER
LEIGH LOCKWOOI	COUNTY AUDITOR
MICHELLE GARCIA	TAX ASSESSOR-COLLECTOR
VICKIE QUINI	COUNTY/DISTRICT CLERK
ROY BOYI	SHERIFF

## GOLIAD COUNTY ANNUAL FINANCIAL REPORT FOR THE YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2022

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## Armstrong, Vaughan & Associates, P. C.

Certified Public Accountants

#### INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT

The Honorable Judge and Members of the Commissioners' Court Goliad County, Texas

## Report on the Audit of the Financial Statements

## **Opinions**

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of the governmental activities, each major fund and the aggregate fund remaining information of Goliad County, as of and for the year ended September 30, 2022, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the County's basic financial statements as listed in the table of contents.

In our opinion, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the respective financial position of the governmental activities, each major fund and the aggregated remaining fund information of Goliad County, as of September 30, 2022, and the respective changes in financial position and, where applicable, cash flows thereof for the year then ended in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

## Basis for Opinions

We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America (GAAS) and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States. Our responsibilities under those standards are further described in the Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements section of our report. We are required to be independent of the Goliad County and to meet our other ethical responsibilities, in accordance with the relevant ethical requirements relating to our audit. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinions.

## Responsibilities of Management for the Financial Statements

Goliad County's management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America, and for the design, implementation, and maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

In preparing the financial statements, management is required to evaluate whether there are conditions or events, considered in the aggregate, that raise substantial doubt about the Goliad County's ability to continue as a going concern for twelve months beyond the financial statement date, including any currently known information that may raise substantial doubt shortly thereafter.

## Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditor's report that includes our opinions. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance but is not absolute assurance and therefore is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with GAAS and Government Auditing Standards will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. The risk of not detecting a material misstatement resulting from fraud is higher than for one resulting from error, as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of internal control. Misstatements are considered material if there is a substantial likelihood that, individually or in the aggregate, they would influence the judgment made by a reasonable user based on the financial statements.

In performing an audit in accordance with GAAS and Government Auditing Standards, we:

- Exercise professional judgment and maintain professional skepticism throughout the audit.
- Identify and assess the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to
  fraud or error, and design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks. Such procedures
  include examining, on a test basis, evidence regarding the amounts and disclosures in the financial
  statements.
- Obtain an understanding of internal control relevant to the audit in order to design audit procedures
  that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the
  effectiveness of Goliad County's internal control. Accordingly, no such opinion is expressed.
- Evaluate the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of significant
  accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluate the overall presentation of the
  financial statements.
- Conclude whether, in our judgment, there are conditions or events, considered in the aggregate, that
  raise substantial doubt about Goliad County's ability to continue as a going concern for a
  reasonable period of time.

We are required to communicate with those charged with governance regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit, significant audit findings, and certain internal control-related matters that we identified during the audit.

## Required Supplementary Information

Accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require that the management's discussion and analysis, budgetary comparison information, and schedules of changes and contributions for net pension liability and total other post-employment benefit liability as referred to in the table of contents, be presented to supplement the basic financial statements. Such information, although not a part of the basic financial statements, is required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board who considers it to be an essential part of financial reporting for placing the basic financial statements in an appropriate operational, economic, or historical context. We have applied certain limited procedures to the required supplementary information in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America, which consisted of inquiries of management about the methods of preparing the information and comparing the information for consistency with management's responses to our inquiries, the basic financial statements, and other knowledge we obtained during our audit of the basic financial statements. We do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on the information because the limited procedures do not provide us with sufficient evidence to express an opinion or provide any assurance.

## Supplementary Information

Our audit was conducted for the purpose of forming opinions on the financial statements that collectively comprise Goliad County's basic financial statements. The supplementary information (as identified in the table of contents) and the schedules of expenditures of federal (as required by the audit requirements of Title 2 U.S. Code of Federal Regulations (CFR) Part 200, Uniform Administrative Requirements, Cost Principles, and Audit Requirements for Federal Awards) and state awards are presented for purposes of additional analysis and are not a required part of the basic financial statements.

The supplementary information is the responsibility of management and was derived from and relates directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements. Such information has been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and certain additional procedures, including comparing and reconciling such information directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements or to the basic financial statements themselves, and other additional procedures in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. In our opinion, the supplementary information is fairly stated, in all material respects, in relation to the basic financial statements as a whole.

## Other Reporting Required by Government Auditing Standards

In accordance with Government Auditing Standards, we have also issued our report dated May 31, 2023 on our consideration of Goliad County's internal control over financial reporting and on our tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements and other matters. The purpose of that report is to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over financial reporting and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on internal control over financial reporting or on compliance. That report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with Government Auditing Standards in considering Goliad County's internal control over financial reporting and compliance.

Armstrong, Vaughan & Associates, P.C.

Aronstrong, Vausper of Associates, P.C.

May 31, 2023

## MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS

This section of Goliad County's annual financial report presents our discussion and analysis of the County's financial performance during the fiscal year ended September 30, 2022. Please read it in conjunction with the County's financial statements, which follow this section.

## FINANCIAL HIGHLIGHTS

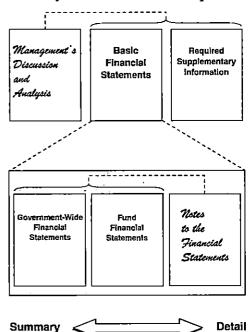
- The County's total net position was \$12.9 million at September 30, 2022, an increase of \$1.9 million. Revenues increased from the Operation Lone Star public safety grant and the American Rescue Plan grant.
- The general fund reported a fund balance this year of \$7.3 million, an increase of \$796 thousand.
   Revenues were higher than anticipated (\$507 thousand) and expenditures were under budget in total (\$911 thousand).
- The road and bridge fund reported a fund balance this year of \$525 thousand, a decrease of \$360 thousand. This was less than the \$415 thousand the County budgeted to spend from fund balance.

## OVERVIEW OF THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

This annual report consists of three parts—management's discussion and analysis (this section), the basic financial statements, and required supplementary information. The basic financial statements include two kinds of statements that present different views of the County:

- The first two statements are government-wide financial statements that provide both long-term and short-term information about the County's overall financial status.
- The remaining statements are fund financial statements that focus on individual parts of the government, reporting the County's operations in more detail than the government-wide statements.
- The governmental funds statements tell how general government services were financed in the short-term as well as what remains for future spending.

Figure A-1, Required Components of the County's Annual Financial Report



The financial statements also include notes that explain some of the information in the financial statements and provide more detailed data. The statements are followed by a section of *required supplementary information* that further explains and supports the information in the financial statements. Figure A-1 shows how the required parts of this annual report are arranged and related to one another.

Figure A-2	2. Major Features of the County	s Government-wide and Fund F	inancial Statements					
Fund Statements								
Type of Statements	Government-wide	Governmental Funds	Fiduciary Funds					
Scope	Entire County's government	The activities of the County	Activities the County					
	(except fiduciary funds)	that are not proprietary or	handles for other individuals,					
	and the County's component	fiduciary	organizations, or					
	units		governments.					
Required financial	Statement of net position	Balance Sheet	Statement of Fiduciary					
	200		Net Position					
statements	Statement of activities	• Statement of revenues,	Statement of changes					
		expenditures & changes	in Fiduciary Net Position.					
		in fund balances						
Accounting basis	Accrual accounting and	Modified accrual	Accrual accounting and					
and measurement	economic resources focus	accounting and current	economic resources focus					
focus		financial resources focus						
Type of	All assets and liabilities,	Only assets expected to	All assets and liabilities,					
asset/liabilitiy	both financial and capital,	be used up and liabilities	both financial and capital,					
information	short-term and long-term	that come due during the	and short-term and long-					
		year or soon thereafter;	term					
		no capital assets included						
Type of	All revenues and	Revenues for which cash	All additions and deductions					
inflow/outflow	expenses during year,	is received during or soon	during year, regardless of					
information	regardless of when cash	after the end of the year;	when cash is received or					
	is received or paid	expenditures when goods	paid					
		or services have been						
		received and payment is						
		due during the year or						
		soon thereafter.						

Figure A-2 summarizes the major features of the County's financial statements, including the portion of the County government they cover and the types of information they contain. The remainder of this overview section of management's discussion and analysis explains the structure and contents of each of the statements.

## **Government-Wide Statements**

The government-wide statements report information about the County as a whole using accounting methods similar to those used by private-sector companies. The statement of net position includes all of the government's assets and liabilities. All of the current year's revenues and expenses are accounted for in the statement of activities regardless of when cash is received or paid.

The two government-wide statements report the County's net position and how they have changed. Net position—the difference between the County's assets and liabilities—is one way to measure the County's financial health or *position*.

- Over time, increases or decreases in the County's net position is an indicator of whether its financial health is improving or deteriorating, respectively.
- To assess the overall health of the County, one needs to consider additional non-financial factors such as changes in the County's tax base.
- The government-wide financial statements of the County include the Governmental activities. All of
  the County's basic services are included here, such as administration, public safety and public
  transportation. Property taxes and charges for services finance most of these activities.

#### FINANCIAL ANALYSIS OF THE COUNTY AS A WHOLE

Net position. The County's combined net position was \$12.9 million at September 30, 2022. (See Table A-1).

Table A-1 County's Net Position

Governmental

	Govern		
	Activ	vities	Percentage
	2022	2021*	Change
Assets:			
Current Assets	\$ 11,441,696	\$ 10,551,478	8.4
Capital Assets (net)	2,074,541	1,375,614	50.8
Other Assets	3,156,490	812,107	288.7
Total Assets	16,672,727	12,739,199	30.9
Deferred Outflows of Resources:	453,018	642,331	(29.5)
Liabilities:			
Current Liabilities	1,845,605	1,476,462	25.0
Long-term Liabilities	143,875	126,522	13.7
Total Liabilities	1,989,480	1,602,984	24.1
Deferred Inflows of Resources:	2,230,749	809,210	175.7
Net Position:			
Net Investment in Capital Assets	2,074,541	1,375,614	50.8
Restricted	1,889,215	2,180,522	(13.4)
Unrestricted	8,941,760	7,413,200	20.6
Total Net Position	\$ 12,905,516	\$ 10,969,336	17.7

<sup>\*2021</sup> has been restated for retiree insurance liability.

The unrestricted net position represents resources available to fund the programs of the County next year.

## **Fund Financial Statements**

The fund financial statements provide more detailed information about the County's most significant funds—not the County as a whole. Funds are accounting devices that the County uses to keep track of specific sources of funding and spending for particular purposes.

- Some funds are required by State law and by bond covenants.
- The Commissioners' Court establishes other funds to control and manage money for particular purposes or to show that it is properly using certain taxes and grants.

The County has the following kinds of funds:

Governmental funds—Most of the County's basic services are included in governmental funds, which focus on (1) how cash and other financial assets that can readily be converted to cash flow in and out and (2) the balances left at year-end that are available for spending. Consequently, the governmental fund statements provide a detailed short-term view that helps you determine whether there are more or fewer financial resources that can be spent in the near future to finance the County's programs.

Fiduciary funds—The County collects and holds funds for various other entities such as property
taxes for other governments, vehicle registrations for the State and court settlements for minors. The
County is responsible for ensuring that the assets reported in these funds are used for their intended
purposes. All of the County's fiduciary activities are reported in a separate statement of fiduciary
net position and a statement of changes in fiduciary net position. These activities are excluded from
the County's government-wide financial statements because they are not resources for the County to
use on operations.

## **Governmental Activities**

Table A-2 summarizes the changes in the County's net position for the 2022 and 2021 fiscal years.

Table A-2 Changes in County's Net Position

				Percentage
•		2022	2021*	Change
Program Revenues:				
Charges for Services	\$	1,102,187	\$ 1,031,364	6.9
Operating Grants and				
Contributions		1,432,185	890,868	60.8
Capital Contributions		317,698	263,234	20.7
General Revenues:				
Taxes		8,200,417	8,165,919	0.4
Interest Earnings		91,479	91,936	(0.5)
General Grants and Donations		802,130	458 <b>,7</b> 83	74.8
Miscellaneous		376,998	388,126	(2.9)
TOTAL REVENUES		12,323,094	11,290,230	9.1
Progam Expenses:				
Administration		1,660,212	1,357,107	22.3
Legal		101,200	147,506	(31.4)
Judicial		476,364	550,679	(13.5)
Finance		427,669	460,596	(7.1)
Facilities		576,527	279,032	106.6
Public Safety		4,006,587	3,831,744	4.6
Health and Welfare		327,792	383,419	(14.5)
Extension Service		107,842	103,733	4.0
Public Transportation		2,702,721	1,691,865	59.7
TOTALEXPENSES		10,386,914	8,805,681	18.0
Change in Net Position		1,936,180	2,484,549	(22.1)
Beginning Net Position		10,969,336	8,484,787	
Ending Net Position	<u> </u>	12,905,516	\$ 10,969,336	
LAIGHE NOUL USHIOIL	Φ	12,700,010	# 10,505,330	

<sup>\*2021</sup> has been restated for retiree insurance liability.

## FINANCIAL ANALYSIS OF THE COUNTY AS A WHOLE

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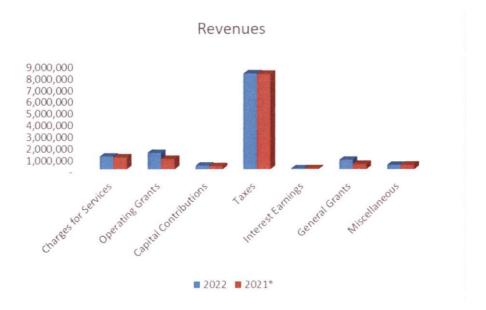
## **Governmental Activities**

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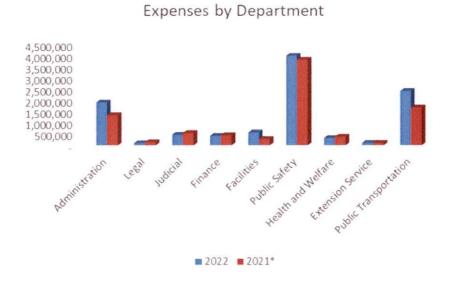
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Contributions		1,432,185	890,868	60.8
Capital Contributions		317,698	263,234	20.7
General Revenues:		317,070	200,204	20.1
Taxes		8,200,417	8,165,919	0.4
Interest Earnings		91,479	91,936	(0.5)
General Grants and Donations		802,130	458,783	74.8
Miscellaneous		376,998	388,126	(2.9)
TOTAL REVENUES				9.1
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Administration		1,660,212	1,357,107	22.3
Legal		101,200	147,506	(31.4)
Judicial		476,364	550,679	(13.5)
Finance		427,669	460,596	(7.1)
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Extension Service		107,842	103,733	4.0
Public Transportation		2,702,721	1,691,865	59.7
TOTAL EXPENSES		10,386,914	8,805,681	18.0
Change in Net Position		1,936,180	2,484,549	(22.1)
Beginning Net Position	_	10,969,336	8,484,787	
Ending Net Position	\$	12,905,516	\$ 10,969,336	

<sup>\*2021</sup> has been restated for retiree insurance liability.



The County received a grant from the Texas Governor for Operation Lone Star regarding border security. The County also began spending the American Rescue Plan grant. Both of these accounted for the majority of the increase in revenues.



In 2022, the County undertook several street improvement projects, increasing public transportation expenses. Repairs were also made to the auditorium in the facilities department. Finally, increased election costs were incurred.

## CAPITAL ASSETS AND DEBT ADMINISTRATION

## Capital Assets

As of September 30, 2022, the County had invested \$20.3 million in buildings and equipment. Significant additions in 2022 included several vehicles, primarily for public safety. (See Table A-3.)

Table A-3
County's Capital Assets

	Govern	Total				
	Activ	Activities				
	2022	2022 2020				
Buildings and Improvements	\$ 14,944,146	\$14,809,236	0.9			
Vehicles and Equipment	5,373,229_	4,437,320	21.1			
Totals at Historical Cost	20,317,375	19,246,556	5.6			
Accumulated Depreciation	_(18,242,834)	_(17,870,942)	2.1			
Net Capital Assets	\$ 2,074,541	\$ 1,375,614	50.8			

More detailed information about the County's capital assets is presented in the notes to the financial statements.

## Long Term Debt

As of September 30, 2022, the County had no debt.

## FINANCIAL ANALYSIS OF THE COUNTY'S FUNDS

Revenues from governmental fund types were \$12.3 million. Seventeen percent of the revenues (\$2.1 million) were from grants and donations, several of which were pandemic related. Governmental expenditures were \$11.8 million, an increase of \$2.1 million. The increase related to election costs and several grant projects.

#### **Budgetary Highlights**

The County's actual expenditures in the General Fund were under budget overall by \$911 thousand. Most offices were under budget, but the cost of elections exceeded the budget. Revenues were higher than the budget by \$507 thousand. Fund balance increased \$796 thousand compared to a break even budget.

The Road and Bridge fund revenues were \$73 thousand more than budgeted while expenditures were \$1 thousand over budget in total. Fund balance decreased \$360 thousand which was less than the \$415 anticipated in the budget.

## ECONOMIC FACTORS AND NEXT YEAR'S BUDGETS AND RATES

The 2022-2023 budget keeps property tax rates the same as 2021-2022, which is expected to increase tax collections approximately 11%. General fund spending is not expected to increase significantly from the 2021-2022 budgeted levels. The County does not anticipate any significant changes to County services or operations.

## CONTACTING THE COUNTY'S FINANCIAL MANAGEMENT

This financial report is designed to provide our citizens, taxpayers, customers, and investors and creditors with a general overview of the County's finances and to demonstrate the County's accountability for the money it receives. If you have questions about this report or need additional financial information, contact the County at (361) 645-3337.



## **BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS**

The basic financial statements include integrated sets of financial statements as required by the GASB. The sets of statements include:

- Government Wide Financial Statements
- Fund Financial Statements:
  - Governmental Funds
  - Fiduciary Funds

In addition, the notes to the financial statements are included to provide information that is essential to a user's understanding of the basic financial statements.

## GOLIAD COUNTY STATEMENT OF NET POSITION SEPTEMBER 30, 2022

A CODUMO	Governmental Activities
ASSETS	
Current Assets:	
Cash and Cash Equivalents	\$ 8,507,567
Certificates of Deposit	1,750,322
Ad Valorem Taxes Receivable (net)	484,931
Other Receivables (net)	405,659
Prepaid Expenses	293,217
Total Current Assets	11,441,696
Capital Assets:	
Buildings and Improvements	14,944,146
Vehicles and Equipment	5,373,229
Accumulated Depreciation	(18,242,834)
Total Capital Assets	2,074,541
Other Assets:	
Net Pension Asset	3,156,490
TOTAL ASSETS	16,672,727
DEFERRED OUTFLOWS OF RESOURCES	
Deferred Pension Related Outflows	453,018
TOTAL DEFERRED OUTFLOWS	\$ 453,018

## GOLIAD COUNTY STATEMENT OF NET POSITION (CONTINUED) SEPTEMBER 30, 2022

	Governmental Activities	
LIABILITIES		
Current Liabilities:		
Accounts Payable	\$	237,268
Accrued Wages		199,124
Unearned Revenue		1,321,771
Accrued Compensated Absences		87,442
Total Current Liabilities		1,845,605
Long-term Liabilities:		
Total Other Post-employment Benefit Liability		56,432
Accrued Compensated Absences		87,443
Total Long-term Liabilities		143,875
TOTAL LIABILITIES		1,989,480
DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES		
Deferred Pension Related Inflows		2,230,749
TOTAL DEFERRED INFLOWS		2,230,749
TOTAL DEFERRED INFLOWS		2,230,749
NET POSITION		
Net Investment in Capital Assets		2,074,541
Restricted for:		
Elections		695
Legal		82,797
Judicial		50,605
Public Safety		265,605
Records Management		86,043
Sheriff		2,431
Library		417,651
Road and Bridge Maintenance		524,936
Other Restrictions		196,872
Rural Transit		261,580
Unrestricted		8,941,760
TOTAL NET POSITION	\$ 1	.2,905,51 <u>6</u>



## GOLIAD COUNTY STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES FOR THE YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2022

			 Program Revenues					_N	et Position
Functions and Programs		Expenses	arges for services	G	operating rants and ntributions	Gr	Capital rants and ntributions		Total
Primary Government:									
Governmental Activities:									
Administration	\$	1,660,212	\$ 727,159	\$	164,573	\$	-	\$	(768,480)
Legal		101,200	4,050		10,462		-		(86,688)
Judicial		476,364	140,336		134,976		-		(201,052)
Finance		427,669	-		-		-		(427,669)
Facilities		576,527	_		-		155,222		(421,305)
Public Safety		4,006,587	223,425		500,509		33,930		(3,248,723)
Health and Welfare		327,792	1,137		24,009		-		(302,646)
Extension Service		107,842	-		-		-		(107,842)
Public Transportation		2,702,721	6,080		597,656		128,546		(1,970,439)
Total Primary Government	_\$	10,386,914	\$ 1,102,187	\$	1,432,185	\$	317,698		(7,534,844)
General Revenues:									
Taxes									
Ad Valorem Taxes									8,190,847
Mixed Beverage									9,570
Interest and Investment Earnings									91,479
General Grants and Donations									802,130
Miscellaneous									376,998
Total General Revenues									9,471,024
Change in Net Position									1,936,180
Net Position at Beginning of Yes	ar								11,024,217
Prior Period Adjustment									(54,881)
Net Position at End of Year								\$	12,905,516

## GOLIAD COUNTY BALANCE SHEET - GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS SEPTEMBER 30, 2022

4 CODETTO	Major Fund General Fund	Major Fund Road & Bridge	Major Fund American Rescue Plan
ASSETS Cook and Cook Equivalents	e 5 500 222	ው 527 <i>6</i> 22	e 1015000
Cash and Cash Equivalents Certificates of Deposit	\$ 5,590,322 1,553,310	\$ 537,623	\$ 1,315,332
<u>-</u>		-	-
Ad Valorem Taxes Receivable (net) Other Receivables (net)	484,931 36,071	28,904	-
Due from Other Funds	262,461	20,904	-
Prepaid Items	238,517	_	_
repaid terms	250,517		
TOTAL ASSETS	\$ 8,165,612	\$ 566,527	\$ 1,315,332
LIABILITIES, DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES AND FUND BALANCES Liabilities:			
Accounts Payable	\$ 213,418	\$ 12,202	\$ -
Accrued Wages	157,877	29,389	Ψ -
Due to Other Funds	157,077	20,000	_
Unearned Revenue	-	_	1,314,154
Total Liabilities	371,295	41,591	1,314,154
	<del></del>	<del></del>	
Deferred Inflows of Resources:			
Unavailable Property Tax Revenue	484,931		
Total Liabilities	484,931		
Fund Balances:			
Nonspendable:			
Prepaid Items	238,517	_	_
Restricted for:	230,317		
Elections	_	-	<del></del>
Legal	-	_	_
Judicial	_	-	_
Public Safety	_	_	_
Records Management	-	_	_
Sheriff	-	-	-
Library	-	_	-
Road and Bridge Maintenance	-	524,936	-
Other Restrictions	-	-	1,178
Rural Transit	-	-	-
Unassigned	7,070,869		
Total Fund Balances	7,309,386	524,936	1,178
TOTAL LIABILITIES, DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES AND			
FUND BALANCES	\$ 8,165,612	\$ 566,527	\$ 1,315,332

Other Nonmajor Funds	Total Governmental Funds
\$ 1,064,290 197,012 - 340,685	\$ 8,507,567 1,750,322 484,931 405,660 262,461
55,608	294,125
\$ 1,657,595	\$ 11,705,066
\$ 12,558	\$ 238,178
11,858	199,124
262,461 7,617	262,461 1,321,771
294,494	2,021,534
	484,931
	484,931
55,608	294,125
695	695
82,797	82,797
50,605	50,605
209,997	209,997
86,043 2,431	86,043 2,431
417,651	2,431 417,651
	524,936
195,694	196,872
261,580	261,580
	7,070,869
1,363,101	9,198,601
\$ 1,657,595	\$ 11,705,066



# GOLIAD COUNTY RECONCILIATION OF THE GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS BALANCE SHEET TO THE STATEMENT OF NET POSITION SEPTEMBER 30, 2022

TOTAL FUND BALANCE - TOTAL GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS			9,198,601	
Amounts reported for governmental activities in the Statement of Net Poarre different because:	sition			
Capital Assets used in governmental activities are not financial resources	and,			
therefore, are not reported in the funds.			2,074,541	
Net Pension Assets (and related deferred inflows and outflows of resourced do not represent current financial resources and are not reported in governmental funds.	ces)			
Total Other Post-employment Benfit Liability	(56,432)			
Net Pension Asset	3,156,490			
Pension Related Deferred Outflows	453,018			
Pension Related Deferred Inflows(	<u>2,230,749)</u>		1,322,327	
Other liabilities are not due and payable in the current period, and therefore, not reported in the funds.				
Accrued Compensated Absences			(174,885)	
Other long-term assets are not available to pay for current-period expenditures				
and, therefore, are not recognized as revenue in the funds.			484,932	
TOTAL NET POSITION - GOVERNMENTAL ACTIVITIES			12,905,516	

# GOLIAD COUNTY STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES – GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS FOR THE YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2022

	N	fajor Fund	N	lajor Fund	Ma	jor Fund	
•	General			Road &		American	
		Fund		Bridge	Res	cue Plan	
REVENUES							
Ad Valorem Taxes	\$	6,940,399	\$	1,217,744	\$	-	
Mixed Beverage Taxes		9,783		-		-	
Fines and Forfeitures		112,233		-		-	
Charges for Services		581,928		-		-	
Licenses, Permits, and Fees		118,908		417,300		_	
Interest Income		63,726		7,141		6,409	
Miscellaneous Income		337,042		4,532		-	
Grants and Donations		364,838	_	128,546		173,323	
TOTAL REVENUES		8,528,857		1,775,263		179,732	
EXPENDITURES							
Current:							
Administration		1,723,096		-		_	
Legal		104,973		_		-	
Judicial		469,939		_		-	
Finance		497,923		-		-	
Facilities		624,079		-		-	
Public Safety		3,876,258		-		500	
Health and Welfare		278,826		_		_	
Extension Service		107,510		_		_	
Public Transportation		_		2,137,501		_	
Capital Outlay		30,575		12,811		179,232	
TOTAL EXPENDITURES		7,713,179		2,150,312		179,732	
Excess (Deficiency) in Revenue Over							
(Under) Expenditures		815,678		(375,049)		_	
, , <u>-</u>		010,070		(0,0,0.12)			
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)							
Sale of Capital Assets		-		15,075		-	
Transfers In (Out)		(20,000)					
TOTAL OTHER FINANCING		(20,000)		15,075			
Net Change in Fund Balance		795,678		(359,974)		-	
BEGINNING FUND BALANCE		6,513,708		884,910		1,178	
ENDING FUND BALANCE	\$	7,309,386	\$	524,936	\$	1,178	

Other	Total		
Nonmajor	Governmental		
Funds	Funds		
\$ -	\$ 8,158,143		
-	9,783		
175,015	287,248		
60,393	642,321		
, -	536,208		
11,642	88,918		
131,809	473,383		
1,444,005	2,110,712		
1,822,864	12,306,716		
147,149	1,870,245		
10,132	115,105		
9,790	479,729		
-	497,923		
<u>.</u>	624,079		
325,170	4,201,928		
29,625	308,451		
25,025	107,510		
191,239	2,328,740		
1,061,292	1,283,910		
1,774,397	11,817,620		
1,111,001	11,017,020		
48,467	489,096		
20,000	15,075		
20,000	15,075		
20,000	15,075		
68,467	504,171		
1,294,634	8,694,430		
\$ 1,363,101	\$ 9,198,601		



## **GOLIAD COUNTY**

## RECONCILIATION OF THE STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES OF GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS TO THE STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES FOR THE YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2022

NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCES - GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS	\$ 504,171
Amounts reported for governmental activities in the Statement of Activities are different because:	
Governmental funds report capital outlays as expenditures. However, in the statement of activities the cost of those assets is allocated over their estimated	
useful lives and reported as depreciation expense.	
Capital Outlay 1,070,819	
Depreciation Expense (371,892)	698,927
Governmental funds report compensated absences when they are due and payable, while the statement of activities recognizes interest expense and compensated absences when incurred. This amount represents	
The difference between absences earned and paid.	(31,603)
Governmental funds report required contributions to employee pensions and other post-employment benefits as expenditures. However, in the Statement of Activities the expense for the pension is recorded based on the actuarially	
determined cost of the plan. This is the amount that the actuarially determined	
expense fell short of (exceeded) actual contributions.	
Pension 733,532	
Other Post-employment Benefits (1,551)	731,981
Revenues in the Statement of Activities that do not provide current financial	
resources are not reported as revenues in the funds.	 32,704
CHANGE IN NET POSITION - GOVERNMENTAL ACTIVITIES	\$ 1,936,180

## GOLIAD COUNTY STATEMENT OF FIDUCIARY NET POSITION SEPTEMBER 30, 2022

	Custodial Funds	
ASSETS		
Cash and Cash Equivalents	\$	628,362
Certificates of Deposit		130,737
TOTAL ASSETS		759,099
LIABILITIES		
Accounts Payable		<u>-</u> .
TOTAL LIABILITIES		
NET POSITION		
Restricted for:		
Individuals, Organizations and other Governments		759,099
TOTAL NET POSITION	\$	759,099

## GOLIAD COUNTY STATEMENT OF CHANGES IN FIDUCIARY NET POSITION FOR THE YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2022

	(	Custodial Funds
ADDITIONS		
Ad Valorem Tax Collections for Other Governments	\$	10,641,346
Cash Bonds		33,250
Inmate Deposits		49,813
Motor Vehicle Collections for the State		1,082,828
Other Additions		91,841
TOTAL ADDITIONS		11,899,078
DEDUCTIONS		
Cash Bond Refunds and Forfeitures		15,600
Refunds to Inmates		49,172
Property Tax Distributions to Other Governments		10,598,420
Motor Vehicle Distributions to the State		1,116,717
Other Distributions		19,087
TOTAL DEDUCTIONS		11,798,996
Net Increase in Fiduciary Net Position		100,082
BEGINNING NET POSITION		659,017
ENDING NET POSITION	_\$_	759,099

## GOLIAD COUNTY NOTES TO BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS SEPTEMBER 30, 2022

## NOTE A -- SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

Goliad County ("County") is a public corporation and political subdivision of the State of Texas formed in 1837. The County is 25 miles from the Gulf of Mexico in south central Texas. The County is governed by four elected Commissioners (divided into precincts) and the elected County Judge. The County provides the following services: general government (administration, judicial, legal, elections and financial administration), public safety (corrections, constables, and sheriff), public transportation (road/bridge maintenance, and rural transportation services), health and extension services.

The financial statements of the County have been prepared in conformity with generally accepted accounting principles (GAAP) as applied to government units. The Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) is the accepted standard setting body for establishing governmental accounting and financial reporting principles.

## 1. REPORTING ENTITY

## Component Units

Component units are legally separate entities that are, in substance, part of the government's operations; thus, data from these units, would be combined with data of the primary government. The County does not have any component units.

## 2. GOVERNMENT-WIDE AND FUND FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

The government-wide financial statements include the statement of net position and the statement of activities. Government-wide statements report information on all of the activities of the County. The effect of interfund transfers has been removed from the government-wide statements but continues to be reflected on the fund statements. Governmental activities are supported mainly by taxes and intergovernmental revenues.

The statement of activities reflects the degree to which the direct expenses of a given function or segments are offset by program revenues. Direct expenses are those that are clearly identifiable with a specific function. Program revenues include 1) charges to customers or applicants who purchase, use or directly benefit from goods, services or privileges provided by a given function and 2) grants and contributions that are restricted to meeting the operational or capital requirements of a particular function or segment. Taxes and other items not properly included in program revenues are reported as general revenues.

Separate fund financial statements are provided for governmental and fiduciary funds. The General Fund, Road and Bridge Fund, and American Rescue Plan Fund meet the criteria as *major funds*.

## GOLIAD COUNTY NOTES TO BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED) SEPTEMBER 30, 2022

## NOTE A -- SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONT.)

3. MEASUREMENT FOCUS, BASIS OF ACCOUNTING, AND FINANCIAL STATEMENT PRESENTATION

The government-wide financial statements are reported using the economic resources measurement focus and the accrual basis of accounting. This measurement focus is also used for the fiduciary fund financial statements. Revenues are recorded when earned and expenses are recorded when a liability is incurred, regardless of the timing of related cash flows. Revenue types which have been accrued consist of revenue from taxes, intergovernmental revenue and charges for services. Grants are recognized as revenue when all applicable eligibility requirements imposed by the provider are met.

Revenues are classified as *program revenues* and *general revenues*. Program revenues include 1) charges to customers or applicants for goods, services, or privileges provided, 2) operating grants and contributions, and 3) capital grants and contributions. General revenues include all taxes, grants not restricted to specific programs, investment earnings, and other miscellaneous revenues.

Governmental fund level financial statements are reported using current financial resources measurement focus and the modified accrual basis of accounting. Revenues are recognized as soon as they are both measurable and available. Revenues are considered available when they are collectible within the current period or soon enough thereafter to pay liabilities of the current period. Measurable and available revenues include revenues expected to be received within 60 days after the fiscal year ends. Receivables which are measurable but not collectible within 60 days after the end of the fiscal period are reported as deferred revenue.

Expenditures generally are recorded when a fund liability is incurred; however, debt service expenditures, as well as expenditures related to compensated absences and claims and judgments, are recorded only when the liability has matured and payment is due.

The government reports the following major governmental funds:

General Fund is the general operating fund of the County and is always classified as a major fund. The General Fund is used to account for all financial resources except those required to be accounted for in another fund. Major revenue sources include property and sales taxes. Primary expenditures are for general administration, judicial, and public safety.

**Road and Bridge Fund** is used to account for property taxes and licenses committed to road and bridge maintenance in the County.

American Rescue Plan Fund is used to account for Federal grant revenue for pandemic recovery.

Fiduciary fund level financial statements are used to account resources held for others. The County's custodial funds holds property taxes for other governments, motor vehicle fees for the State and various other settlements.

## GOLIAD COUNTY NOTES TO BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED) SEPTEMBER 30, 2022

## NOTE A -- SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONT.)

## 4. CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS

Cash and cash equivalents include cash deposits and investments with a maturity date within three (3) months of the date acquired by the County. For the County, this includes investments in local government investment pools that are liquid and maintain a stable net asset value.

## 5. INVESTMENTS

State statutes authorize the County to invest in (a) obligations of the United States or its agencies and instrumentalities; (b) direct obligations of the State of Texas or its agencies; (c) other obligations, the principal and interest of which are unconditionally guaranteed or insured by the State of Texas or the United States; (d) obligations of states, agencies, counties, cities, and other political subdivisions of any state having been rated as to investment quality by a nationally recognized investment rating firm and having received a rating of not less than A or its equivalent; (e) certificates of deposit by state and national banks domiciled in this state that are (i) guaranteed or insured by the Federal Deposit Insurance Corporation, or its successor; or, (ii) secured by obligations that are described by (a) - (e). Statutes also allow investing in local government investment pools organized and rated in accordance with the Interlocal Cooperation Act, whose assets consist exclusively of the obligations of the United States or its agencies and instrumentalities and repurchase assessments involving those same obligations.

The County reports investments in certificates of deposit at amortized cost. Investments in local government investment pools are reported as net asset value of \$1 per share, which approximates fair value. Investments in local government pools are liquid and available on demand. Thus, they are reported in cash and cash equivalents.

## 6. ACCOUNTS RECEIVABLE/REVENUE RECOGNITION

Property taxes are levied based on taxable value at January 1 prior to September 30 and become due October 1, 2021 and past due after January 31, 2022. Accordingly, receivables and revenues for property taxes are reflected on the government-wide statement based on the full accrual method of accounting.

Accounts receivable from other governments include amounts due from grantors for approved grants for specific programs and reimbursements for services performed by the County. Program grants are recorded as receivables and revenues at the time all eligibility requirements established by the provider have been met.

Reimbursements for services performed are recorded as receivables and revenues when they are earned in the government-wide statements. Included are fines and costs assessed by the court action and billable services for certain contracts. Revenues received in advance of the costs being incurred are recorded as unearned revenue in the fund statements. Receivables are shown net of an allowance for uncollectibles.

## GOLIAD COUNTY NOTES TO BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED) SEPTEMBER 30, 2022

## NOTE A – SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONT.)

## 7. PREPAID ITEMS

Payments made for goods and services in advance are recorded as prepaid items on the balance sheet.

## 8. SHORT-TERM INTERFUND RECEIVABLES/PAYABLES

During the course of operations, numerous transactions occur between individual funds for goods provided or services rendered. These receivables and payables are classified as "due from other funds" or "due to other funds" on the fund statements.

## 9. CAPITAL ASSETS

Capital assets, which include land, buildings and improvements, equipment, and infrastructure assets, are reported in the applicable governmental or business type activities column in the government-wide financial statements. Capital assets such as equipment are defined as assets with a cost of \$5,000 or more and a useful life in excess of two years. Infrastructure assets include County-owned streets, water system, and sewer system. Capital assets are recorded at historical costs if purchased or constructed. Donated capital assets are recorded at estimated fair market value at the date of donation. The Costs of normal maintenance and repairs that do not add to the value of the asset or materially extend asset lives are not capitalized. Interest has not been capitalized during the construction period on property plant and equipment. Capital assets are depreciated using the straight-line method over the following estimated useful lives:

Asset	Estimated Life
Buildings and Improvements	15-50 years
Vehicles and Equipment	3-10 years

#### COMPENSATED ABSENCES

Full-time employees earn paid time off and vacation leave at varying rates depending on length of service. Unused paid time off is not paid on termination and is not accrued in these financial statements. Vacation leave is paid on termination. Accumulated, unused vacation time is accrued as incurred in the government-wide statements. However, it is recognized on the governmental fund statements when it is due and payable.

### NOTE A -- SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONT.)

### 11. UNAVAILABLE/UNEARNED REVENUE

Property tax revenues are recognized when they become both measurable and available in the fund statements. Available means when due, or past due, and receivable within the current period or expected to be collected soon enough thereafter to be used to pay liabilities of the current period. Property tax revenue not expected to be available for the current period are reflected as unavailable revenue (a deferred inflow of resources). Unearned revenues arise when assets are recognized before revenue recognition criteria have been satisfied.

### 12. DEFERRED INFLOWS AND OUTFLOWS OF RESOURCES

A deferred outflow of resources is a consumption of net position that is applicable to a future reporting period, while a deferred inflow of resources is an acquisition of net position. These items are presented in separate sections following assets (deferred outflows) or liabilities (deferred inflows) on the statement of net position.

### 13. LONG-TERM OBLIGATIONS

In the government-wide financial statements, long-term debt (including capital leases) and other long-term obligations are reported as liabilities under governmental activities or proprietary fund type statement of net position. On new bond issues, bond premiums and discounts are deferred and amortized over the life of the discount. Bond issuance costs are expensed as incurred. In the fund financial statements, governmental fund types recognize bond premiums and discounts, as well as bond issuance costs during the current period. The face amount of debt issued is reported as other financing sources. Premiums received on debt issuances are reported as other financing sources while discounts on debt issuances are reported as other financing uses. Issuance costs, whether or not withheld from the actual debt proceeds received, are reported as debt service expenditures.

### 14. PENSIONS

The net pension liability, deferred inflows, and outflows of resources related to pensions, and pension expense, information about the fiduciary net position of the Texas County and District Retirement System (TCDRS), and additions to and deductions from TCDRS's fiduciary net position have been determined on the same basis as they are reported by TCDRS. For this purpose, benefit payments (including refund of employee contributions) are recognized when due and payable in accordance with the benefit terms. Investments are reported at fair value.

### NOTE A -- SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONT.)

### 15. NET POSITION

Net position represents the difference between assets and liabilities. Net investment in capital assets consists of capital assets, net of accumulated depreciation, reduced by the outstanding balances of any borrowing used for the acquisition, construction or improvements of those assets, and adding back unspent proceeds. Net position is reported as restricted when there are limitations imposed on their use either through the enabling legislation adopted by the County or through external restrictions imposed by creditors, grantors, or laws or regulations of other governments.

#### 16. FUND BALANCES

In the fund financial statements, governmental funds report the following classifications of fund balance:

Nonspendable - Represents amounts that cannot be spent because they are either not in spendable form (such as inventory or prepaid items) or legally required to remain intact.

Restricted - Represents amounts that are constrained by external parties, constitutional provisions or enabling legislation.

Committed - Represents amounts that can only be used for a specific purpose by a resolution of Commissioners' Court. Committed amounts cannot be used for any other purpose unless Commissioners' Court removes those constraints through the same formal action.

Assigned - Represents amounts which the County intends to use for a specific purpose but do not meet the criteria of restricted or committed. The Commissioners' Court may delegate authority for assignments to other officials in the County.

Unassigned - Represents the residual balance that may be spent on any other purpose of the County.

When an expenditure is incurred for a purpose in which multiple classifications are available, the County considers restricted balances spent first, committed second and assigned third.

#### 17. USE OF ESTIMATES

The preparation of financial statements in conformity with GAAP requires the use of management's estimates.

### **NOTE B – DEPOSITS AND INVESTMENTS**

### 1. Deposits

The County maintains deposits at one institution that provides a combination of pledged collateral and FDIC insurance to completely collateralize the County's deposits, including certificates.

### 2. Investments

As of September 30, 2022, the County's investments consisted of \$1,881,059 in certificates of deposit. Certificates of deposit are carried at amortized cost.

The County has materially complied with the provisions of the Public Funds Investment Act, by investing in qualified vehicles, adopting an investment policy, naming an investment officer, and attending the required training.

### NOTE C -- PROPERTY TAX CALENDAR

The County's property tax is levied and becomes collectible each October 1 based on the assessed values listed as of the prior January I, which is the date a lien attaches to all taxable property in the County. Assessed values are established by the Goliad County Appraisal District at 100% of estimated market value. Assessed values are reduced by lawful exemptions to arrive at taxable values. A revaluation of all property is required to be completed every four (4) years. The total taxable value as of January 1, 2021, upon which the fiscal 2022 levy was based, was \$1.1 billion (i.e., market value less exemptions).

The County is permitted by the Constitution of the State of Texas to levy taxes up to \$0.80 per \$100 of taxable assessed valuation for all governmental purposes. Taxes for voter approved debt service are generally unlimited. The tax rates per \$100 of assessed value for the year ended September 30, 2022 was 0.712490 to finance general governmental services and 0.0796640 to finance road and bridge maintenance. Generally, the County may only increase the maintenance and operations tax levy 3.5% each year without first obtaining voter approval.

### **NOTE D -- RECEIVABLES**

Receivables for the County as of September 30, 2022 are as follows:

	General		Road &		Nonmajor	
		Fund	Bridge		Funds	
Ad Valorem Taxes	\$	606,164	\$	-	\$	-
Allowance for Doubtful Tax Accounts		(121,233)		-		-
EMS Services		502,499		-		-
Allowance for Doubtful EMS Accounts		(467,206)		-		-
Grant Receivable		_		28,904		340,685
Other Receivables		778_				
Total Other Receivables	<u>\$</u>	521,002		28,904	_\$_	<u>340,685</u>

### NOTE E - CAPITAL ASSETS

Capital asset activity in the governmental funds for the year ended September 30, 2022, was as follows:

	Balance 10/01/2021	Additions	Disposals/ Transfers	Balance 9/30/2022	
Governmental Activities		-			
Buildings and Improvements	\$ 14,809,236	\$ 134,910	\$ -	\$ 14,944,146	
Vehicles and Equipment	4,437,320	935,909		5,373,229	
	19,246,556	1,070,819		20,317,375	
Less Accumulated Depreciation Buildings and Improvements Vehicles and Equipment	(14,276,516) (3,594,426) (17,870,942)	(16,432) (355,460) (371,892)		(14,292,948) (3,949,886) (18,242,834)	
Governmental Activities, Net	\$ 1,375,614	\$ 698,927	\$ -	\$ 2,074,541	

Depreciation expense was charged to the governmental functions as follows:

Facilities	\$ 36,343
Public Safety	150,366
Public Transportation	174,792
Health	 10,391
Total Depreciation Expense -	
Governmental Activities	\$ <u>371,892</u>

### NOTE F - LONG TERM DEBT

Changes in long-term debt were as follows:

	Balance 0/1/2021	A	dditions	F	Reductions	 Balance 9/30/2022
Governmental Activities:			<del></del>			
Compensated Absences	\$ 143,282	\$	103,244	\$	(71,641)	\$ 174,885
OPEB Liability	54,881		7,939		(6,388)	56,432
Net Pension Liability (Asset)	 (812,107)		619,214		(2,963,597)	(3,156,490)
Total Government	\$ (613,944)	\$	730,397	\$	(3,041,626)	\$ (2,925,173)

The General Fund and Road and Bridge Fund are generally charged with servicing these obligations.

### **NOTE G -- PENSION PLAN**

### Plan Description

The County participates as one of 830 plans in the nontraditional, joint contributory, hybrid defined benefit pension plan administered by the Texas County and District Retirement System (TCDRS). TCDRS is an agency created by the state of Texas and administered in accordance with the TCDRS Act as an agent multiple-employer retirement system for County and District employees in the State of Texas. The Board of Trustees of TCDRS is responsible for the administration and management of the system. TCDRS in the aggregate issues an annual comprehensive financial report (ACFR) on a calendar year basis. The ACFR is available upon written request from the TCDRS Board of Trustees at PO Box 2034, Austin, Texas 78768-2034.

All eligible employees of the County are required to participate in TCDRS. The plan provisions are adopted by the governing body of the County, within the options available in the state statutes governing TCDRS. Members can retire at age 60 and above with 8 or more years of service or with 30 years regardless of age or when the sum of their age and years of service equals 75 or more. A member is vested after 8 years but must leave his accumulated contributions in the plan. Members who withdraw their personal contributions are not entitled to any amounts contributed by the employer. Benefit amounts are determined by the sum of the employee's contributions to the plan, with interest, and employer-financed monetary credits. The level of these monetary credits is adopted by the governing body of the County within the actuarial constraints imposed by the TCDRS Act so the resulting benefits can be expected to be adequately financed by the employer's commitment to contribute.

At retirement, death or disability, the benefit is calculated by converting the sum of the employee's accumulated contributions and the employer-financed monetary credits to a monthly annuity using annuity purchase rates prescribed by the TCDRS Act.

### **Benefits Provided**

TCDRS provides retirement, disability, and death benefits. Benefit provisions are adopted by the governing body of the District, within the options available in the state statutes governing TCDRS. At retirement, the benefit is calculated as if the sum of the employee's contributions, with interest, and the County-financed monetary credits with interest were used to purchase an annuity.

At the December 31, 2021 valuation and measurement date, the following employees were covered by the benefit terms:

Inactive Employees or Beneficiaries Currently Receiving Benefits	75
Inactive Employees Entitled to but Not Yet Receiving Benefits	122
Active employees	99
	296

### NOTE G - PENSION PLAN (Continued)

#### **Contributions**

The County has elected the annually determined contribution rate plan provisions of the TCDRS Act. The plan is funded by monthly contributions from both employee members and the employer based on the covered payroll of employee members. Under the TCDRS Act, the contribution rate of the County is actuarially determined annually. The actuarially determined rates were 4.75% and 6.37% for the calendar years of 2021 and 2022, respectively. The County contributed the required amount for the year ending September 30, 2022.

The contribution rate payable by the employee members is 7% as adopted by the governing body of the County. The employee deposit rate and the employer contribution rate may be changed by the governing body of the employer within the options available in the TCDRS Act. The County has adopted a matching rate of 150%. Employees may not take a partial lump sum on retirement.

### **Actuarial Assumptions**

The County's net pension liability (NPL) was measured as of December 31, 2021 and the total pension liability (TPL) used to calculate the NPL was determined by an actuarial valuation as of that date. The Total Pension Liability in the December 31, 2021 actuarial valuation was determined using the following actuarial assumptions:

Actuarial Cost Method	Entry Age Normal
-----------------------	------------------

Amortization Method Level Percentage of Payroll, Closed

Remaining Amortization Period 0.0 Years

Asset Valuation Method 5 Year Smoothed Market

Inflation 2.50%

Salary Increases Varies by age and service. 4.7% average including inflation

Investment Rate of Return 7.50%, net of administrative and investment expenses

Retirement Age Members who are eligible for service retirement are assumed to

commence receiving benefit payments based on age. The average age at service retirement for recent retirees is 61.

Mortality 135% of the Pub-2010 General Retirees Table for males and

120% of the Pub-2010 General Retirees Table for females, both projected with 100% of the MP-2021 Ultimate scale after 2010.

### NOTE G - PENSION PLAN (Continued)

The long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments is 7.50%. The pension plan's policy in regard to the allocation of invested assets is established and may be amended by the TCDRS Board of Trustees. Plan assets are managed on a total return basis with an emphasis on both capital appreciation as well as the production of income, in order to satisfy the short-term and long-term funding needs of TCDRS.

The long-term expected rate of return on TCDRS assets is determined by adding expected inflation to expected long-term real returns, and reflecting expected volatility and correlation. The capital market assumptions and information shown below are provided by TCDRS' investment consultant, Cliffwater LLC. The numbers shown are based on January 2021 information for a 10-year time horizon. Note that the valuation assumption for long-term expected return is re-assessed at a minimum of every four years, and is set based on a long-term time horizon; the most recent analysis was performed in March 2021.

The target allocation and best estimates of arithmetic real rates of return for each major asset class are summarized in the following table:

	Target	Geometric Real
Asset Class	Allocation	Rate of Return
U.S. Equities	11.5%	3.8%
Global Equity	2.5%	4.10%
International Developed Markets	5.0%	3.80%
International Emerging Markets	6.0%	4.30%
Investment Grade Bonds	3.0%	-0.85%
Strategic Credit	9.0%	1.77%
Direct Lending	16.0%	6.25%
Distressed Debt	4.0%	4.50%
REIT Equities	2.0%	3.10%
Master Limited Partnerships (MLPs)	2.0%	3.85%
Private Real Estate Partnerships	6.0%	5.10%
Private Equity	25.0%	6.80%
Hedge Funds	6.0%	1.55%
Cash Equivalents	2.0%	-1.05%
	100%	<b>=</b>

The discount rate used to measure the Total Pension Liability (or asset) was 7.60%. The projection of cash flows used to determine the discount rate assumed that employee and employer contributions will be made at the rates specified in statute. Based on that assumption, the pension plan's Fiduciary Net Position was projected to be available to make all projected future benefit payments of current active and inactive employees. Therefore, the long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments was applied to all periods of projected benefit payments to determine the Total Pension Liability (or asset).

### NOTE G -- PENSION PLAN (Continued)

The following presents the net pension liability of the District, calculated using the discount rate of 7.60%, as well as what the District's net pension liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is 1-percentage point lower or 1-percentage point higher than the current rate:

	Discount Rate						
	1%	6 Decrease		7.60%	19	% Increase	
Net Pension Liability (Asset)	\$	(1,308,676)	\$	(3,156,490)	\$	(4,719,839)	

### Changes in the Net Pension Liability

The below schedule presents the changes in the Net Pension Liability as of December 31, 2021:

	<b>Total Pension</b>	Plan Fiduciary	Net Pension	
	Liability	Net Position	Liability (Asset)	
Balance at December 31, 2020	\$ 14,613,834	\$ 15,425,941	\$ (812,107)	
Changes for the year:				
Service Cost	466,858	-1	466,858	
Interest	1,114,783	-	1,114,783	
Change of Benefit Terms	-	-	-	
Difference Between Expected and				
Actual Experience	(18,896)		(18,896)	
Changes of Assumptions	(103,153)	-	(103,153)	
Refund of Contributions	(145,136)	(145,136)		
Benefit Payments	(695,242)	(695,242)	-	
Administrative Expense		(9,949)	9,949	
Contributions - Employee	-	282,303	(282,303)	
Net Investment Income	-	3,346,194	(3,346,194)	
Contributions - Employer	=	191,563	(191,563)	
Other Changes	<u> </u>	(6,136)	6,136	
Net Changes	619,214	2,963,597	(2,344,383)	
Delegandon 21, 2021	¢ 15 222 040	¢ 10.200.520	e (2.15(.400)	
Balance at December 31, 2021	\$ 15,233,048	\$ 18,389,538	\$ (3,156,490)	

### Pension Plan Fiduciary Net Position

Detailed information about the pension plan's Fiduciary Net Position is available in a separately-issued TCDRS financial report. That report may be obtained on the internet at <a href="https://www.TCDRS.com">www.TCDRS.com</a>.

### **NOTE G – PENSION PLAN (Continued)**

### Pension Expense and Deferred Outflows/Inflows of Resources Related to Pensions

For the year ended September 30, 2022, the County recognized pension expense of (\$470,628). Also as of September 30, 2022, the County reported deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions from the following sources:

	Deferred		Deferred	
	Οι	ıtflows of	I	nflows of
	Re	esources	R	Resources
Differences between Expected and	-			
Actual Economic Experience	\$	-	\$	54,822
Changes in Actuarial Assumptions		248,853		68,769
Differences Between Projected and				
Actual Investment Earnings		_		2,107,158
Contributions Subsequent to the				
Measurement Date		204,165		
	\$	453,018	\$	2,230,749

Deferred outflows of resources in the amount of \$204,165 is related to pensions resulting from contributions subsequent to the measurement date, and will be recognized as a reduction of the net pension liability for the plan year ending December 31, 2022. Other amounts reported as deferred outflows and inflows of resources related to pensions will be recognized in pension expense as follows:

For the Plan Year ended December 31,	
2022	\$ (288,983)
2023	(753,282)
2024	(502,012)
2025	(437,619)
2026	-
Thereafter	-
	\$ (1,981,896)

### NOTE H - OTHER POST-EMPLOYMENT BENEFIT

Eligible retirees of the County may participate in the health insurance plan of the County at the retiree's cost. Employees are eligible at the earliest of age 60 with 8 years of service, 30 years of service at any age or the sum of age and service of 75. Retirees are eligible for medical benefits as provided in the plan until medicare eligibility (generally 65 years of age).

### NOTE H -- OTHER POST-EMPLOYMENT BENEFIT (Continued)

Membership in the plan at September 30, 2022, the valuation and measurement date, consisted of:

Inactive Employees or Beneficiaries Currently Receiving Benefits	1
Inactive Employees Entitled to but Not Yet Receiving Benefits	0
Active employees .	83
	84

The County does not maintain a separate trust for this plan and is not accumulating assets to service the other post-employment benefit. Projections of health benefits are based on the plan as understood by the County and include the types of benefits in force at the valuation date and the pattern of employees attaining eligibility. Actuarial calculations reflect a long-term perspective and employ methods and assumptions that are designed to reduce short-term volatility in actuarial accrued liabilities and the actuarial value of assets. Significant methods and assumptions were as follows:

Actuarial Cost Method	Individual Entry-Age Normal
Inflation	2.50%
Salary Increases	3.50%
Discount Rate	4.77% (2.27% real rate of return plus 2.50% inflation)
Mortality Rates	RPH-2013 Total Table with Projection MP-2021
Health Care Trend Rates	Level trend rate of 4.50%
Participation Rates	Assumed 25% of all active employees who currently have
	coverage will continue with coverage upon retirement. Those
	those with family coverage, 25% will elect to continue with
	coverage including the spouse and the reminder will elect
	individual coverage.

The TOL of the County's retiree insurance benefit is calculated using a discount rate of 2.27% (plus 2.5% inflation) and a health care cost trend rate of 4.5%. The following tables present the sensitivity of the TOL to a 1% swing in the discount rate and health care cost trend rate:

	Healthcare							
	_ 1% ]	1% Decrease			1% Increase			
Total OPEB Liability	\$	51,332	\$	56,432	\$	62,464		
		Discount Rate						
	<u> </u>	Decrease		4.77%	1%	Increase		
Total OPEB Liability	\$	60,473	\$	56,432	\$	52,764		

### NOTE H -- OTHER POST-EMPLOYMENT BENEFIT (Continued)

The County's Total OPEB Liability (TOL) is based on the above actuarial factors and an actuarial valuation date of September 30, 2022. The TOL was calculated as follows:

	 al OPEB .iability
Balance at September 30, 2021	\$ 54,881
Changes for the year:	
Service Cost	5,224
Interest	2,715
Change of Benefit Terms	-
Difference Between Expected and	
Actual Experience	-
Changes in Assumptions or Other	
Inputs	-
Benefit Payments	 (6,388)
Net Changes	 1,551
Balance at September 30, 2022	\$ 56,432

There is no separate trust maintained to fund this TOL. No assets are accumulated in a trust that meets the criteria in paragraph 4 of Statement No. 75 to pay related benefits.

For the year ended September 30, 2022, the County recognized OPEB expense of \$7,939. The County recognized no deferred inflows or outflows as of September 30, 2022 related to the benefit.

#### **NOTE I -- RISK MANAGEMENT**

The County is exposed to various risks of loss related to torts; theft of, damage to, and destruction of assets; business interruption; errors and omissions; injuries to employees; employee health benefits; and other claims of various natures. The County contracts with the Texas Association of Counties Risk Management Pool ("Pool") to provide insurance coverage for liability, property and casualty, auto liability and workers compensation. The Pool is a multi-employer group that provides for a combination of risk sharing among pool participants and stop loss coverage. Contributions are set annually by the provider. Liability by the County is generally limited to the contributed amounts for losses up to coverage limits.

### NOTE J - TAX ABATEMENTS

The County provides tax abatements to incentivize development and provide economic growth in the County. Guidelines were adopted to identify eligible projects which must be reasonably expected to have an economic impact of \$10 million over the life of the abatement.

As of September 30, 2022, the County had three such agreements. The County will abate 100% of the incremental property tax revenue generated by the projects for a term of 10 years. In exchange, the businesses will make a payment in lieu of taxes each year based on the output of the facilities. Construction of the facilities is not yet complete and no taxes have been abated.

### NOTE K - INTERFUND TRANSFERS

The following transfers occurred during the year ending September 30, 2022:

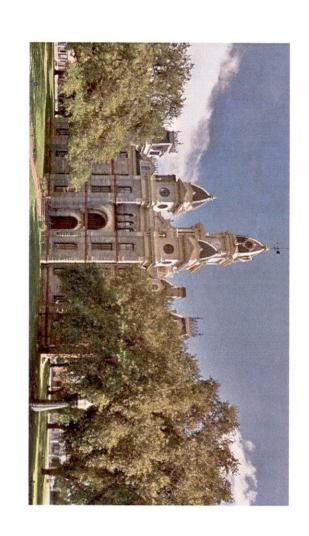
From	To	A	mount	Purpose
General Fund	Nonmajor Governmental	\$	20,000	Grant Match
		\$	20,000	

#### **NOTE L – LITIGATION**

The County is the subject of various claims and litigation that have arisen in the course of its operations. Management is of the opinion that the County's liability in these cases, if decided adversely to the County, will not have a material effect on the County's financial position.

### **NOTE M -- PRIOR PERIOD ADJUSTMENT**

In prior years, the County had not conducted an actuarial valuation on the retiree insurance other post-employment benefit and thus had not recorded a liability for the benefit. An actuarial valuation was conducted as of September 30, 2022, which calculated the liability as of September 30, 2021 to be \$54,881. A prior period adjustment was recorded to add the liability to the 2021 financial statements.



### REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION

Required supplementary information includes financial information and disclosures that are required by the GASB but are not considered a part of the basic financial statements. Such information includes:

- Budgetary Comparison Schedule General Fund
- Budgetary Comparison Schedule Road and Bridge Fund
- Schedule of Changes Net Pension Liability and Related Ratios
- Schedule of Contributions Defined Benefit Pension Plan
- Schedule of Changes Total Other Post-employment Benefit Liability and Related Ratios

# GOLIAD COUNTY REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCEBUDGET AND ACTUAL - GENERAL FUND FOR THE YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2022

	Budget A	Amounts	Actual	
	Original	Final	Amounts	Variance
REVENUES	<del></del>			
Ad Valorem Taxes	\$ 6,618,087	\$ 6,618,087	\$ 6,940,399	\$ 322,312
Mixed Beverage Taxes	2,500	2,500	9,783	7,283
Fines and Forfeitures	81,750	81,750	112,233	30,483
Charges for Services	971,289	971,289	581,928	(389,361)
Licenses, Permits, and Fees	99,950	99,950	118,908	18,958
Interest Income	13,000	13,000	63,726	50,726
Miscellaneous Income	74,100	74,100	337,042	262,942
Grants and Donations	160,690	160,690	364,838	204,148
TOTAL REVENUES	8,021,366	8,021,366	8,528,857	507,491
EXPENDITURES				
Current:				
Administration:				
County Judge	159,601	159,601	154,109	5,492
County Clerk	262,202	267,202	259,134	8,068
Nondepartmental	1,042,479	1,042,479	957,409	85,070
Elections	93,508	93,508	102,698	(9,190)
Information Technology	270,998	270,998	249,746	21,252
Legal:				
County Attorney	164,579	164,579	104,973	59,606
Judicial:				
District Court	249,116	249,116	243,762	5,354
Justices of the Peace	230,007	230,007	208,765	21,242
Justice Court	31,500	31,500	13,271	18,229
Judicial Court	10,500	10,500	4,141	6,359
Finance:				
County Auditor	173,557	168,557	147,663	20,894
County Treasurer	144,157	144,157	134,602	9,555
Tax Assessor	229,232	229,232	215,658	13,574
Facilities	635,461	635,461	624,079	11,382
Public Safety:				
Emergency Medical Services	1,219,246	1,219,246	1,151,051	68,195
Fire	109,000	109,000	109,000	-
Constables	70,691	70,691	62,482	8,209
County Sheriff	2,866,842	2,866,842	2,511,197	355,645
Other	\$ 46,735	\$ 46,735	\$ 42,528	\$ 4,207

# GOLIAD COUNTY REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE-BUDGET AND ACTUAL - GENERAL FUND (CONTINUED) FOR THE YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2022

	Budget A	Amounts	Actual	
	Original	Final	Amounts	Variance
EXPENDITURES (CONT.)				
Current (Cont.):				
Health and Welfare:				
Veterans	\$ 10,250	\$ 10,250	\$ -	\$ 10,250
Health	199,600	199,600	128,158	71,442
Recreation	25,396	25,396	19,563	5,833
Library	146,055	146,055	131,105	14,950
Extension Service	113,204	113,204	107,510	5,694
Capital Outlay	120,700	120,700	30,575	90,125
TOTAL EXPENDITURES	8,624,616	8,624,616	7,713,179	911,437
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues				
Over (Under) Expenditures	(603,250)	(603,250)	815,678	1,418,928
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (OFS)				
Transfer In (Out)	603,250	603,250	(20,000)	(623,250)
TOTAL OFS	603,250	603,250	(20,000)	(623,250)
NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCE	-	-	795,678	795,678
BEGINNING FUND BALANCE	6,513,708	6,513,708	6,513,708	-
ENDING FUND BALANCE	\$ 6,513,708	\$ 6,513,708	\$ 7,309,386	\$ 795,678

### GOLIAD COUNTY REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION

### SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE-BUDGET AND ACTUAL – ROAD AND BRIDGE FUND FOR THE YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2022

	Budget .	Amounts	Actual Amounts	
	Original	Final	(Budgetary)	Variance
REVENUES			(Baugoury)	
Ad Valorem Taxes	\$ 1,171,305	\$ 1,171,305	\$ 1,217,744	\$ 46,439
Licenses, Permits, and Fees	391,925	391,925	417,300	25,375
Interest Income	8,740	8,740	7,141	(1,599)
Miscellaneous Income	1,400	1,400	4,532	3,132
TOTAL REVENUES	1,573,370	1,573,370	1,646,717	73,347
101111111111111111111111111111111111111	1,373,370	1,373,370	1,010,717	15,571
EXPENDITURES				
Current:				
Public Transportation				
Precinct 1	359,143	359,143	338,291	20,852
Precinct 1 Special	310,851	310,851	306,762	4,089
Precinct 2	118,368	118,368	95,133	23,235
Precinct 2 Special	309,729	309,729	384,173	(74,444)
Precinct 3	118,888	118,888	90,140	28,748
Precinct 3 Special	346,875	346,875	370,483	(23,608)
Precinct 4	188,188	188,188	173,209	14,979
Precinct 4 Special	236,128	236,128	218,627	17,501
Capital Outlay	200	200_	12,811	(12,611)
TOTAL EXPENDITURES	1,988,370	1,988,370	1,989,629	(1,259)
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues				
Over (Under) Expenditures	(415,000)	(415,000)	(242.012)	72.000
Over (Onder) Expenditures	(415,000)	(415,000)	(342,912)	72,088
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (OFS)				
Proceeds from Sale of Capital Assets	-	_	15,075	15,075
TOTAL OFS			15,075	15,075
Net Change in Budgetary				
Fund Balance	\$ (415,000)	\$ (415,000)	(327,837)	\$ 87,163
Budgetary Perspective Differences				
Grants and Donations			128,546	
Grant Expenditures			(160,683)	
Net Change in Fund Balance			\$ (359,974)	

## GOLIAD COUNTY NOTES TO SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE-BUDGET AND ACTUAL SEPTEMBER 30, 2022

**Budgetary Information** — The budget is prepared in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America. The County maintains strict budgetary controls. The objective of these controls is to ensure compliance with legal provision embodied in the annual appropriated budget approved by Commissioners' Court and as such is a good management control device. The following are the funds which have legally adopted annual budgets: General Fund and Road and Bridge Fund.

Budgetary preparation and control is exercised at the department level. Actual expenditures may not legally exceed appropriations at the fund level.

The County uses encumbrances throughout the year, however all encumbrances are closed at year end. Accordingly, no encumbrances are reported in these financial statements.

# GOLIAD COUNTY REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION SCHEDULE OF CHANGES - NET PENSION LIABILITY AND RELATED RATIOS LAST EIGHT PLAN (CALENDAR) YEARS

Total I	ension Liability		
	2014	2015	2016
Service Cost	\$ 384,264	\$ 424,576	\$ 497,816
Interest (on the Total Pension Liability)	848,264	•	912,537
Changes of Benefit Terms	26,165	•	
Change of Assumptions	· -	136,472	-
Difference between Expected			
and Actual Experience	(31,186	(146,637)	(324,481)
Benefit Payments, Including Refunds of			
Employee Contributions	(824,443)	) (865,702)	(855,866)
Net Change in Total Pension Liability	403,064	362,996	230,006
Total Pension Liability - Beginning	10,675,366	11,078,430	11,441,426
Total Pension Liability - Ending	\$ 11,078,430	\$ 11,441,426	\$ 11,671,432
Dlan Eidu	ologa Not Dociti	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	
F IAU F KIU	ciary Net Positi 2014	2015	2016
Contributions - Employer	\$ 240,203	\$ 329,790	\$ 271,465
Contributions - Employee	230,332	256,468	275,799
Net Investment Income	749,355	70,595	829,580
Benefit Payments, Including Refunds of			
Employee Contributions	(824,443)	(865,702)	(855,866)
Administrative Expense	(8,600)	(8,123)	(9,015)
Other	36,605	59,184	(89,222)
Net Change	423,452	(157,788)	422,741
Beginning Plan Fiduciary Net Postion	10,974,971	• • •	11,240,635
Ending Plan Fiduciary Net Postion	\$ 11,398,423		\$ 11,663,376
Net Pension Liability (Asset) - Ending	\$ (319,993)	) \$ 200,791	\$ 8,056
Net Pension Liability (Asset) - Ending	\$ (319,993 <sub>)</sub>	) \$ 200,791	\$ 8,056
Plan Fiduciary Net Position as a			
Percentage of Total Pension Liability	102.89%	98.25%	99.93%
Covered Payroll	\$ 3,290,453	\$ 3,663,829	\$ 3,939,980
Net Pension Liability (Asset) as a			

Information for this schedule is being accumulated prospectively until a rolling ten year period is available.

-9.72%

0.20%

5.48%

Percentage of Covered Payroll

	To	otal Pension Liabil	lity	
2017	2018	2019	2020	2021
\$ 487,077	\$ 475,144	\$ 490,446	\$ 500,662	\$ 466,858
951,268	996,227	1,056,559	1,074,044	1,114,783
-	-	-	_	
62,946	-	-	746,557	(103,153)
(134,574)	47,211	(592,737)	(126,677)	(18,896)
(845,392)	(752,246)	(827,324)	(666,789)	(840,379)
521,325	766,336	126,944	1,527,797	619,213
11,671,432	12,192,757	12,959,093	13,086,037	14,613,834
\$ 12,192,757	\$ 12,959,093	\$ 13,086,037	\$ 14,613,834	\$ 15,233,047
		Fiduciary Net Po		
2017	2018	2019	2020	2021
\$ 243,728	\$ 221,201	\$ 209,853	\$ 237,293	\$ 191,563
275,622	266,967	261,382	269,651	282,303
1,697,202	(245,825)	2,047,899	1,460,337	3,346,194
(845,392)	(752,246)	(827,324)	(666,790)	(840,379)
(8,660)	(10,015)	(10,775)	(11,287)	(9,949)
(4,451)	(33,244)	(10,222)	(2,339)	(6,136)
1,358,049	(553,162)	1,670,813	1,286,865	2,963,596
11,663,376	13,021,425	12,468,263	14,139,076	15,425,941
\$ 13,021,425	\$ 12,468,263	\$ 14,139,076	\$ 15,425,941	\$ 18,389,537
Ψ 13,021,123	Ψ 12,100,202	Ψ 1 1,132,070	Ψ 13,123,711	<u> </u>
\$ (828,668)	\$ 490,830	\$ (1,053,039)	\$ (812,107)	\$ (3,156,490)
106.80%	96.21%	108.05%	105.56%	120.72%
\$ 3,937,453	\$ 3,813,816	\$ 3,734,035	\$ 3,852,161	\$ 4,032,898
-21.05%	12.87%	-28.20%	-21.08%	-78.27%

### GOLIAD COUNTY SCHEDULE OF COUNTY CONTRIBUTIONS -- PENSION PLAN LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS

	Contributions				
			as a		
Fiscal Year	Actuarially	the Actuarially	Constribution		Percentage
Ending	Determined	Determined	Deficiency	Covered	of Covered
September 30,	Contribution	Contribution	(Excess) Payrol		Payroll
2022	\$ 256,704	\$ 256,704	\$ -	\$ 4,352,772	5.9%
2021	201,350	201,350	-	3,881,379	5.2%
2020*	237,293	237,293	-	3,852,161	6.2%
2019*	209,853	209,853	=	3,734,035	5.6%
2018*	221,201	221,201	-	3,813,816	5.8%
2017*	243,728	243,728	-	3,937,453	6.2%
2016*	271,465	271,465	-	3,939,980	6.9%
2015*	270,024	329,790	(59,766)	3,663,829	9.0%
2014*	240,203	240,203	-	3,290,453	7.3%
2013*	201,465	201,465	-	3,075,806	6.5%

<sup>\*</sup>Information on a fiscal year basis was not available for these years. Calendar year is presented.

### Notes to Schedule of Contributions

### Changes in Plan Provisions:

2015: Employer contributions reflect that a 30% CPI COLA was adopted.

2017: New annuity purchase rates for benefits earned after 2017.

### Changes in Assumptions:

2015: New inflation, mortality and other assumptions

2017: New mortality assumptions

2019: New inflation, mortality and other assumptions

# GOLIAD COUNTY REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION SCHEDULE OF CHANGES – OTHER POST-EMPLOYMENT BENEFIT LIABILITY AND RELATED RATIOS LAST FISCAL YEAR

Total OPEB Liability

		2022			
Service Cost	\$	5,224			
Interest		2,715			
Changes of Benefit Terms		-			
Difference between Expected	,				
and Actual Experience		-			
Changes in Assumptions or					
Other Inputs		-			
Benefit Payments		(6,388)			
Net Change in Total Pension Liability		1,551			
Total OPEB Liability - Beginning		54,881			
Total OPEB Liability - Ending		56,432			
Covered Payroll	\$ 3	,166,122			
Total OPEB Liability as a Percentage					
of Covered Payroll		1.78%			

No assets are accumulated in a trust that meets the criteria in paragraph 4 of Statement No. 75 to pay related benefits.



### SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION

Supplementary information includes financial statements and schedules not required by the GASB, nor a part of the basic financial statements, but are presented for purposes of additional analysis.

Such statements and schedule include:

- Combining Statements Nonmajor Funds
- Comparative Statements General Fund
- Comparative Statements Road and Bridge

### GOLIAD COUNTY COMBINING BALANCE SHEET – NONMAJOR FUNDS SEPTEMBER 30, 2022

	Special Revenue							
	Rural Transit N			ecords	Law Library			County Library
ASSETS Cook and Cook Foreign lants	φ	242 425	ø	96.042	¢	20 221	ф	221 272
Cash and Cash Equivalents Certificates of Deposit	\$	243,435	\$	86,043	\$	38,321	\$	221,272 197,012
Other Receivables		27,104		_		_		197,012
Prepaid Items		27,10 <del>1</del>		_		_		192
1 Topala Itolia							_	
TOTAL ASSETS	_\$_	270,539		86,043		38,321	\$	418,476
LIABILITIES AND FUND BALANCES								
Liabilities:								
Accounts Payable	\$	3,845	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-
Accrued Wages		5,114		-		-		633
Due to Other Funds		-		-		-		-
Unearned Grant Revenue		<del>-</del>				<u>-</u> _		
Total Liabilities		8,959				<del></del>		633
Fund Balances:								
Nonspendable:								
Prepaid Items		-		_		-		192
Restricted for:								
Elections		-		-		-		-
Legal		-		-		38,321		-
Judicial		-		-		-		-
Public Safety		-		-		-		-
Records Management		-		86,043		-		-
Sheriff		-		-		-		-
Library		-		-		-		417,651
Other Restrictions		-		-		-		-
Rural Transit		261,580						
Total Fund Balances		261,580	•	86,043		38,321		417,843
TOTAL LIABILITIES AND								
FUND BALANCES	\$	270,539	\$	86,043		38,321		418,476

					Special	Rever	nue				
Con			Court Court Technology Security		Н	Historical Culture		Miscellaneous Grants Fund		AVA Grant	
\$	26,633	\$	36,128	\$	14,631	\$	65,124	\$	-	\$	8,312
	-		-		-		-		- 176,113		-
	<u> </u>		2,200		257						<u>-</u>
\$	26,633	\$	38,328	\$	14,888	\$	65,124	_\$_	176,113	_\$_	8,312
\$	_	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	_	\$	_
	-		-		154		-		-		-
	-		-		-		-		85,888		-
											7,617
					154		<del></del>	_	85,888		7,617
	_		2,200		257		-		-		-
	_		-		-		_		-		695
	-		-		-		-		-		-
	-		36,128		14,477		-		-		-
	26,633		-		-		-		=		-
	-		-		-		-		-		-
	-		-		-		-		-		-
	-		-		_		- 65,124		- 90,225		-
	<u>-</u>		- -		_		02,124		- -		- -
	26,633		38,328		14,734		65,124		90,225		695
_\$_	26,633	_\$_	38,328	\$	14,888	_\$_	65,124	\$_	176,113	_\$_	8,312

### GOLIAD COUNTY COMBINING BALANCE SHEET – NONMAJOR FUNDS (CONTINUED) SEPTEMBER 30, 2022

	Special Revenue								
	Pretrial			County Attorney		EMS Grants &		orfeiture	
	Diversion		<u>Ho</u>	Hot Check		Donations		Funds	
ASSETS	•	40 1 7 7	•		•	100.066		40.074	
Cash and Cash Equivalents	\$	43,155	\$	1,501	\$	102,866	\$	48,954	
Certificates of Deposit Other Receivables		-		-		-		-	
Prepaid Items		-		-		-		450	
repaid tients		<del></del>		· <del>-</del>		<del></del>		459	
TOTAL ASSETS	\$	43,155	\$	1,501	\$	102,866	_\$_	49,413	
LIABILITIES AND									
FUND BALANCES									
Liabilities:									
Accounts Payable	\$	180	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	
Accrued Wages		-		-		-		-	
Due to Other Funds		-		-		-		-	
Unearned Grant Revenue						-			
Total Liabilities		180							
Fund Balances:									
Nonspendable:									
Prepaid Items		-		-		-		459	
Restricted for:									
Elections		-		_		-		_	
Legal		42,975		1,501		-		-	
Judicial		-		-		_		-	
Public Safety		-		-		102,866		48,954	
Records Management		-		-		-		_	
Sheriff		-		-		-		-	
Library		-		-		-		-	
Other Restrictions		-		-		-		-	
Rural Transit		<del>-</del>							
Total Fund Balances		42,975	-	1,501		102,866		49,413	
TOTAL LIABILITIES AND									
FUND BALANCES	\$	43,155	\$	1,501	\$_	102,866	\$	49,413	

Special Revenue										
]	Public					0	peration	Miscellaneous		Total
5	Safety		Sheriff		Abandoned		Lone		Special	Nonmajor
T	raining	_Do	nations	V	ehicles		Star	R	evenue	Funds
\$	27,589	\$	2,513	\$	57,468	\$	-	\$	40,345	\$ 1,064,290
	-		-		-		-		-	197,012
	-		-		-		137,468		-	340,685
			_	<u>.                                      </u>	<del>_</del>		52,500			55,608
¢	27 590	æ	2 512	¢	57 169	\$	180 068	\$	40,345	\$ 1,657,595
	27,589	\$	2,513	\$	57,468	<u> </u>	189,968	<u> </u>	40,343	\$ 1,037,393
\$	_	\$	82	\$	1,013	\$	7,438	\$	-	\$ 12,558
	-		_		· +		5,957		-	11,858
	_		_		-		176,573		-	262,461
	-		-		-		_		<b>-</b> _	7,617
	<del></del>		82		1,013		189,968			294,494
	-		-		-		52,500		-	55,608
	_		_		_		_		_	695
	_		_		_		_		_	82,797
	_		_		_		_		_	50,605
	27,589		_		56,455		(52,500)			209,997
			_		-		-		_	86,043
	_		2,431		_		_		_	2,431
	_		_,		<del></del>		_		-	417,651
	_		_		_		_		40,345	195,694
	_		-		_		_		_	261,580
	27,589		2,431		56,455				40,345	1,363,101
•										
\$	27,589		2,513		<i>5</i> 7 <u>,468</u>	\$	189,968		40,345	\$ 1,657,595

# GOLIAD COUNTY COMBINING STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE – NONMAJOR FUNDS FOR THE YEAR ENDING SEPTEMBER 30, 2022

	Special Revenue						
	Rural Transit	Records Management	Law Library	County Library			
REVENUES							
Fines and Forfeitures	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 924			
Charges for Services	6,080	50,983	2,835	495			
Interest Income	1,867	483	283	4,137			
Miscellaneous	<b>4,</b> 671	-	-	121			
Grants and Donations	180,356			23,514			
TOTAL REVENUES	192,974	51,466	3,118	29,191			
EXPENDITURES							
Current:							
Administration	-	2,473	-	_			
Legal	-	-	1,838	-			
Judicial	-	-	-	_			
Public Safety	-	-	-	-			
Health and Welfare	-	-	-	25,345			
Public Transportation	191,239	-	-	-			
Capital Outlay		26,135	1,098	11,335			
TOTAL EXPENDITURES	191,239	28,608	2,936	36,680			
Excess (Deficiency) in Revenue Over (Under) Expenditures	1,735	22,858	182	(7,489)			
over (ormer) superiorities	1,720	22,050	102	(7,105)			
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)							
Transfers In (Out)	20,000						
Net Change in Fund Balance	21,735	22,858	182	(7,489)			
BEGINNING FUND BALANCE	239,845	63,185	38,139	425,332			
ENDING FUND BALANCE	\$ 261,580	\$ 86,043	\$ 38,321	\$ 417,843			

	Special Revenue										
	Jail		Court	-	Court	Miscellaneou Historical Grants				т	T A X Z A
Co			chnology		Security		Sulture	'	Fund	HAVA Grant	
	iiiiiissai y		ciniology		ccurry	<u> </u>	Juliure				Olain
\$	-	\$	351	\$	4,315	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-
	-		-		-		-		-		-
	243		296		124		449		555		564
	49,939		-		-		6,663		-		
							8,850		631,834		128,383
	50,182		647		4,439		15,962		632,389		128,947
	-		-		-		-		10,548		134,128
	-		-		-		-		-		-
	-		3,500		6,290		-		_		-
	35,023		-		-		-		-		-
	-		-		-		4,280		-		-
	-		-		-		-		-		-
	27,109								606,874		
	62,132		3,500		6,290		4,280		617,422		134,128
	(11,950)		(2,853)		(1,851)		11,682		14,967		(5,181)
											<del>-</del>
	(11,950)		(2,853)		(1,851)		11,682		14,967		(5,181)
	38,583	_	41,181		16,585		53,442	-	75,258		5,876
\$	26,633	\$	38,328	\$	14,734	\$	65,124	\$	90,225	\$	695
								,			

# GOLIAD COUNTY COMBINING STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE – NONMAJOR FUNDS (CONTINUED) FOR THE YEAR ENDING SEPTEMBER 30, 2022

	Special Revenue					
	•	County	EMS			
	Pretrial	Attorney	Grants &	Forfeiture		
	Diversion	Hot Check	Donations	Funds		
REVENUES		·				
Fines and Forfeitures	\$ 18,950	\$ 675	\$ -	\$ 56,557		
Charges for Services	-	-	-	-		
Interest Income	329	14	939	542		
Miscellaneous	-	-	-	-		
Grants and Donations		. <del></del>	10,772			
TOTAL REVENUES	19,279	689	11,711	57,099		
EXPENDITURES						
Current:						
Administration	_	_	-	-		
Legal	7,023	1,271	_	-		
Judicial	-	-	-	-		
Public Safety	-	-	12,266	25,000		
Health and Welfare	-	· <u>-</u>	-	-		
Public Transportation	-	-	-	-		
Capital Outlay		. <u> </u>		61,615		
TOTAL EXPENDITURES	7,023	1,271	12,266	86,615		
Excess (Deficiency) in Revenue						
Over (Under) Expenditures	12,256	(582)	(555)	(29,516)		
OTHER FINANCING						
SOURCES (USES)						
Transfers In (Out)						
Net Change in Fund Balance	12,256	(582)	(555)	(29,516)		
BEGINNING FUND BALANCE	30,719	2,083	103,421	78,929		
ENDING FUND BALANCE	\$ 42,975	\$ 1,501	\$ 102,866	\$ 49,413		

Special Revenue												
	Public					0	Operation		cellaneous		Total	
Safety		S	Sheriff	Αb	andoned		Lone		Special		Nonmajor	
<u> </u>	raining	Do	nations	Vehicles			Star	Revenue			Funds	
\$	-	\$	-	\$	93,243	\$	-	\$	-	\$	175,015	
	-		-		-		-		-		60,393	
	213		59		512		-		33		11,642	
	-		-		31,255		-		39,160		131,809	
	2,308		5,972				452,016				,444,005	
	2,521		6,031		125,010		452,016		39,193	1	,822,864	
	-		-		_		-		-		147,149	
	-		-		_		-		-		10,132	
	_		-		-		-		_		9,790	
	3,838		8,827		57,405		182,811		-		325,170	
	-		-		-		-	•	-		29,625	
	-		-		-		-		-		191,239	
	_		-		57,921		269,205	_		1	,061,292	
	3,838		8,827		115,326		452,016		_		,774,397	
	(1,317)		(2,796)		9,684		-		39,193		48,467	
											20,000	
	(1,317)		(2,796)		9,684		-		39,193		68,467	
	28,906		5,227		46,771				1,152	1	,294,634	
\$	27,589	\$	2,431	\$	56,455	\$	_	\$	40,345	\$ 1	,363,101	

# GOLIAD COUNTY COMPARATIVE BALANCE SHEETS GENERAL FUND SEPTEMBER 30, 2022 AND 2021

		2022		2021
ASSETS	-			
Cash and Cash Equivalents	\$	5,590,322		4,644,362
Certificates of Deposit		1,553,310		2,048,634
Ad Valorem Taxes Receivable (net)		484,931		452,227
Other Receivables		36,071		41,676
Due From Other Funds		262,461		-
Prepaid Items		238,517		209,272
TOTAL ASSETS	\$	8,165,612	\$_	7,396,171
LIABILITIES, DEFERRED INFLOWS OF				
RESOURCES AND FUND BALANCES				
Liabilities:				
Accounts Payable	\$	213,418	\$	264,287
Accrued Wages		157,877		132,949
Unearned Revenue		-		33,000
Total Liabilities		371,295		430,236
Deferred Inflows of Resources				
Unavailable Property Tax Revenues		484,931		452,227
Fund Balances:				
Nonspendable:				
Prepaid Items		238,517		209,272
Unassigned		7,070,869		6,304,436
Total Fund Balance		7,309,386		6,513,708
TOTAL LIABILITIES, DEFERRED				
INFLOWS OF RESOURCES AND				
FUND BALANCES	_\$_	8,165,612	_\$_	7,396,171

### GOLIAD COUNTY

### COMPARATIVE STATEMENTS OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE – GENERAL FUND

### FOR THE YEARS ENDING SEPTEMBER 30, 2022 AND 2021

	2022	2021
REVENUES		
Ad Valorem Taxes	\$ 6,940,399	\$ 7,174,191
Mixed Beverage Taxes	9,783	5,210
Fines and Forfeitures	112,233	158,771
Charges for Services	581,928	495,305
Licenses, Permits, and Fees	118,908	136,113
Interest Income	63,726	62,127
Miscellaneous Income	337,042	169,243
Grants and Donations	364,838_	430,541
TOTAL REVENUES	8,528,857	8,631,501
EXPENDITURES		
Current:		
Administration	1,723,096	1,247,234
Legal	104,973	147,165
Judicial	469,939	516,416
Finance	497,923	476,865
Facilities	624,079	273,257
Public Safety	3,876,258	3,515,795
Health and Welfare	278,826	357,124
Extension Service	107,510	103,345
Capital Outlay	30,575	103,754
TOTAL EXPENDITURES	7,713,179	6,740,955
EXCESS (DEFICIENCY) OF REVENUES		
OVER (UNDER) EXPENDITURES	815,678	1,890,546
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)		
Transfers Out	(20,000)	(20,000)
	(20,000)	(20,000)
TOTAL OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)	(20,000)	(20,000)
NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCE	795,678	1,870,546
BEGINNING FUND BALANCE	6,513,708	4,643,162
ENDING FUND BALANCE	\$ 7,309,386	\$ 6,513,708
ALLEGATE CAME DANGERS	Ψ 1,500,000	Ψ 0,513,700



### GOLIAD COUNTY COMPARATIVE BALANCE SHEETS ROAD AND BRIDGE FUND SEPTEMBER 30, 2022 AND 2021

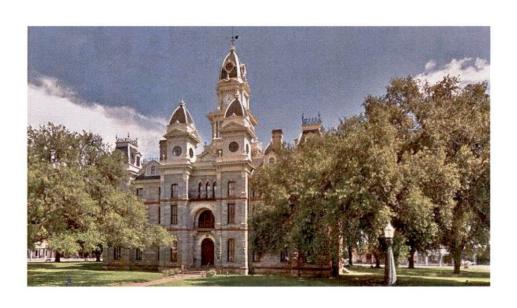
		2022	2021		
ASSETS	·				
Cash and Cash Equivalents	\$	537,623	\$	896,932	
Other Receivables		28,904		32,613	
Prepaid Items				200	
TOTAL ASSETS	\$	566,527		929,745	
LIABILITIES, DEFERRED INFLOWS OF					
RESOURCES AND FUND BALANCES					
Liabilities:	•	10.000	•	01.050	
Accounts Payable	\$	12,202	\$	21,353	
Accrued Wages		29,389		23,482	
Total Liabilities		41,591_		44,835	
Fund Balances:					
Nonspendable:					
Prepaid Items		_		200	
Committed for:					
Road and Bridge Maintenance					
Precinct 1		43,909		32,153	
Precinct 1 Special		55,747		88,837	
Precinct 2		69,788		41,671	
Precinct 2 Special		21,611		240,065	
Precinct 3		129,795		87,075	
Precinct 3 Special		57,865		139,638	
Precinct 4		53,752		43,137	
Precinct 4 Special		92,469		212,134	
Total Fund Balance		524,936		884,910	
TOTAL LIABILITIES, DEFERRED					
INFLOWS OF RESOURCES AND					
FUND BALANCES	\$	566,527	\$	929,745	
				<del></del>	

# GOLIAD COUNTY COMPARATIVE STATEMENTS OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE - ROAD AND BRIDGE FUND FOR THE YEARS ENDING SEPTEMBER 30, 2022 AND 2021

	Precinct 1	Precinct 2	Precinct 3	Precinct 4
REVENUES				
Ad Valorem Taxes	\$ 526,056	\$ 188,097	\$ 307,710	\$ 195,881
Licenses, Permits, and Fees	102,997	104,069	105,316	104,918
Interest Income	1,737	1,225	2,386	1,793
Miscellaneous Income	-	1,163	2,261	1,108
Grants and Donations				
TOTAL REVENUES	630,790	294,554	417,673	303,700
ENDENDAME ID EC				
EXPENDITURES				
Current:	222.221	05.100	00 1 10	150.000
Public Transportation	338,291	95,133	90,140	173,209
Public Transportation - Special	306,762	384,173	370,483	218,627
Capital Outlay		-	11,178	1,633
TOTAL EXPENDITURES	645,053	479,306	471,801	393,469
EXCESS (DEFICIENCY) OF				
REVENUS OVER (UNDER)				
EXPENDITURES	(140(2)	(104.750)	(54 100)	(00.77(0)
EXPENDITURES	(14,263)	(184,752)	(54,128)	(89,769)
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (OFS)				
			15.075	
Sale of Capital Assets	- (7.070)	(5,505)	15,075	(10.000)
Transfers In (Out)	(7,070)	(5,785)		(19,282)
TOTAL OFS	(7,070)	(5,785)	15,075	(19,282)
NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCE	\$ (21,333)	\$ (190,537)	\$ (39,053)	\$(109,051)

BEGINNING FUND BALANCE ENDING FUND BALANCE

CTIF		Fund Totals			
Grant			2022		2021
•					
\$	_	\$	1,217,744	\$	970,146
	-		417,300		438,784
	-		7,141		11,517
	-		4,532		35,817
128,5	46		128,546		38,982
128,5	46		1,775,263		1,495,246
			-	-	
160,68	83		857,456		517,646
	-		1,280,045		877,144
	-		12,811		301,704
160,6	83		2,150,312		1,696,494
-					
(32,1	37)		(375,049)		(201,248)
(22,1	,,		(373,013)		(201,2 10)
			15,075		67,920
20.1	-		15,075		07,920
32,1			15085		-
32,13	3/		15,075		67,920
<u>\$</u>			(359,974)		(133,328)
			884,910		1,018,238
		\$	524,936	\$	884,910
			<del></del>		





# Armstrong, Vaughan & Associates, P. C.

Certified Public Accountants

#### INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT

REPORT ON INTERNAL CONTROL OVER FINANCIAL REPORTING AND ON COMPLIANCE AND OTHER MATTERS BASED ON AN AUDIT OF FINANCIAL STATEMENTS PERFORMED IN ACCORDANCE WITH GOVERNMENT AUDITING STANDARDS

County Commissioners Goliad County

We have audited, in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards* issued by the Comptroller General of the United States, the financial statements of the governmental activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of Goliad County as of and for the year ended September 30, 2022, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise Goliad County's basic financial statements, and have issued our report thereon dated May 31, 2023.

#### Report on Internal Control over Financial Reporting

In planning and performing our audit of the financial statements, we considered Goliad County's internal control over financial reporting (internal control) to determine the audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances for the purpose of expressing our opinions on the financial statements, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of Goliad County's internal control. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of Goliad County's internal control.

A deficiency in internal control exists when the design or operation of a control does not allow management or employees in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and correct misstatements on a timely basis. A material weakness is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control, such that there is a reasonable possibility that a material misstatement of the District's financial statements will not be prevented, or detected and corrected on a timely basis. A significant deficiency is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control that is less severe than a material weakness, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance.

Our consideration of internal control over financial reporting was for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph of this section and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control over financial reporting that might be material weaknesses or significant deficiencies. Given these limitations, during our audit we did not identify any deficiencies in internal control over financial reporting that we consider to be material weaknesses. However, material weaknesses may exist that have not been identified.

#### Report on Compliance and Other Matters

As part of obtaining reasonable assurance about whether Goliad County's financial statements are free from material misstatement, we performed tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements, noncompliance with which could have a direct and material effect on the determination of financial statement amounts. However, providing an opinion on compliance with those provisions was not an objective of our audit and, accordingly, we do not express such an opinion. The results of our tests disclosed no instances of noncompliance or other matters that are required to be reported under *Government Auditing Standards*.

We noted certain other matters that were communicated to management in a separate letter dated May 31, 2023.

#### Purpose of this Report

The purpose of this report is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of the District's internal control or on compliance. This report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with Government Auditing Standards in considering the District's internal control and compliance. Accordingly, this communication is not suitable for any other purpose.

Respectfully submitted,

Armstrong, Vaughan & Associates, P.C.

Arontony, Vausper of Associates, P.C.

May 31, 2023



# Armstrong, Vaughan & Associates, P. C.

Certified Public Accountants

#### INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT

REPORT ON COMPLIANCE FOR EACH MAJOR STATE PROGRAM AND REPORT ON INTERNAL CONTROL OVER COMPLIANCE IN ACCORDANCE WITH TEXAS UNIFORM GRANT MANAGEMENT STANDARDS

County Commissioners Goliad County

#### Report on Compliance for Each Major State Program

#### Opinion on Each Major State Program

We have audited Goliad County's compliance with the types of compliance requirements described in the Texas Comptroller of Public Accounts, *State of Texas Uniform Grant Management Standards*, which includes the State of Texas Single Audit Circular (UGMS) that could have a direct and material effect on each of its major state programs for the year ended September 30, 2022. Goliad County's major state programs are identified in the summary of auditor's results section of the accompanying schedule of findings and questioned costs.

In our opinion, Goliad County complied, in all material respects, with the compliance requirements referred to above that could have a direct and material effect on each of its major state programs for the year ended September 30, 2022.

#### Basis for Opinion on Each Major State Program

We conducted our audit of compliance in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America (GAAS); the standards applicable to financial audits contained in and the audit requirements of the UGMS. Our responsibilities under those standards and the UGMS are further described in the Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of Compliance section of our report.

We are required to be independent of Goliad County and to meet our other ethical responsibilities, in accordance with relevant ethical requirements relating to our audit. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion on compliance for each major state program. Our audit does not provide a legal determination of Goliad County's compliance with the compliance requirements referred to above.

#### Responsibilities of Management for Compliance

Management is responsible for compliance with the requirements referred to above and for the design, implementation, and maintenance of effective internal control over compliance with the requirements of laws, statutes, regulations, rules and provisions of contracts or grant agreements applicable to Goliad County's state programs.

#### Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of Compliance

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether material noncompliance with the compliance requirements referred to above occurred, whether due to fraud or error, and express an opinion on Goliad County's compliance based on our audit. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance but is not absolute assurance and therefore is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with GAAS, Government Auditing Standards, and the UGMS will always detect material noncompliance when it exists. The risk of not detecting material noncompliance resulting from fraud is higher than for that resulting from error, as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of internal control. Noncompliance with the compliance requirements referred to above is considered material, if there is a substantial likelihood that, individually or in the aggregate, it would influence the judgment made by a reasonable user of the report on compliance about Goliad County's compliance with the requirements of each major state program as a whole.

In performing an audit in accordance with GAAS, Government Auditing Standards, and the Uniform Guidance, we:

- Exercise professional judgment and maintain professional skepticism throughout the audit.
- Identify and assess the risks of material noncompliance, whether due to fraud or error, and design
  and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks. Such procedures include examining, on a
  test basis, evidence regarding Goliad County's compliance with the compliance requirements
  referred to above and performing such other procedures as we considered necessary in the
  circumstances.
- Obtain an understanding of Goliad County's internal control over compliance relevant to the audit
  in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances and to test and report
  on internal control over compliance in accordance with the Uniform Guidance, but not for the
  purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of Goliad County's internal control over
  compliance. Accordingly, no such opinion is expressed.

We are required to communicate with those charged with governance regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit and any significant deficiencies and material weaknesses in internal control over compliance that we identified during the audit.

#### **Report on Internal Control over Compliance**

A deficiency in internal control over compliance exists when the design or operation of a control over compliance does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and correct noncompliance with a type of compliance requirement of a state program on a timely basis. A material weakness in internal control over compliance is a deficiency, or combination of deficiencies in internal control over compliance, such that there is a reasonable possibility that material noncompliance with a type of compliance requirement of a state program will not be prevented, or detected and corrected on a timely basis. A significant deficiency in internal control over compliance is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control over compliance with a type of compliance requirement of a state program that is less severe than a material weakness in internal control over compliance, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance.

Our consideration of internal control over compliance was for the limited purpose described in the Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of Compliance section above and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control over compliance that might be material weaknesses or significant deficiencies in internal control over compliance. Given these limitations, during our audit we did not identify any deficiencies in internal control over compliance that we consider to be material weaknesses, as defined above. However, material weaknesses or significant deficiencies in internal control over compliance may exist that were not identified.

Our audit was not designed for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of internal control over compliance. Accordingly, no such opinion is expressed.

The purpose of this report on internal control over compliance is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over compliance and the results of that testing based on the requirements of UGMS. Accordingly, this report is not suitable for any other purpose.

Respectfully submitted,

Armstrong, Vaughan & Associates, P.C.

Arontony, Vaugue of Associates, P.C.

May 31, 2023



# Armstrong, Vaughan & Associates, P. C.

Certified Public Accountants

#### INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT

REPORT ON COMPLIANCE FOR EACH MAJOR PROGRAM AND REPORT ON INTERNAL CONTROL OVER COMPLIANCE IN ACCORDANCE WITH UNIFORM GUIDANCE

County Commissioners Goliad County

#### Report on Compliance for Each Major State Program

#### Opinion on Each Major Federal Program

We have audited Goliad County's compliance with the types of compliance requirements described in the U.S. Office of Management and Budget (OMB) Compliance Supplement that could have a direct and material effect on each of its major federal programs for the year ended September 30, 2022. Goliad County's major federal programs are identified in the summary of auditor's results section of the accompanying schedule of findings and questioned costs.

In our opinion, Goliad County complied, in all material respects, with the compliance requirements referred to above that could have a direct and material effect on each of its major federal programs for the year ended September 30, 2022.

#### Basis for Opinion on Each Major Federal Program

We conducted our audit of compliance in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America (GAAS); the standards applicable to financial audits contained in Government Auditing Standards issued by the Comptroller General of the United States (Government Auditing Standards); and the audit requirements of Title 2 U.S. Code of Federal Regulations Part 200, Uniform Administrative Requirements, Cost Principles, and Audit Requirements for Federal Awards (Uniform Guidance). Our responsibilities under those standards and the Uniform Guidance are further described in the Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of Compliance section of our report.

We are required to be independent of Goliad County and to meet our other ethical responsibilities, in accordance with relevant ethical requirements relating to our audit. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion on compliance for each major federal program. Our audit does not provide a legal determination of Goliad County's compliance with the compliance requirements referred to above.

#### Responsibilities of Management for Compliance

Management is responsible for compliance with the requirements referred to above and for the design, implementation, and maintenance of effective internal control over compliance with the requirements of laws, statutes, regulations, rules and provisions of contracts or grant agreements applicable to Goliad County's federal programs.

#### Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of Compliance

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether material noncompliance with the compliance requirements referred to above occurred, whether due to fraud or error, and express an opinion on Goliad County's compliance based on our audit. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance but is not absolute assurance and therefore is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with GAAS, Government Auditing Standards, and the Uniform Guidance will always detect material noncompliance when it exists. The risk of not detecting material noncompliance resulting from fraud is higher than for that resulting from error, as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of internal control. Noncompliance with the compliance requirements referred to above is considered material, if there is a substantial likelihood that, individually or in the aggregate, it would influence the judgment made by a reasonable user of the report on compliance about Goliad County's compliance with the requirements of each major federal program as a whole.

In performing an audit in accordance with GAAS, Government Auditing Standards, and the Uniform Guidance, we:

- Exercise professional judgment and maintain professional skepticism throughout the audit.
- Identify and assess the risks of material noncompliance, whether due to fraud or error, and design
  and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks. Such procedures include examining, on a
  test basis, evidence regarding Goliad County's compliance with the compliance requirements
  referred to above and performing such other procedures as we considered necessary in the
  circumstances.
- Obtain an understanding of Goliad County's internal control over compliance relevant to the audit
  in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances and to test and report
  on internal control over compliance in accordance with the Uniform Guidance, but not for the
  purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of Goliad County's internal control over
  compliance. Accordingly, no such opinion is expressed.

We are required to communicate with those charged with governance regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit and any significant deficiencies and material weaknesses in internal control over compliance that we identified during the audit.

#### Report on Internal Control over Compliance

A deficiency in internal control over compliance exists when the design or operation of a control over compliance does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and correct noncompliance with a type of compliance requirement of a federal program on a timely basis. A material weakness in internal control over compliance is a deficiency, or combination of deficiencies in internal control over compliance, such that there is a reasonable possibility that material noncompliance with a type of compliance requirement of a federal program will not be prevented, or detected and corrected on a timely basis. A significant deficiency in internal control over compliance is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control over compliance with a type of compliance requirement of a federal program that is less severe than a material weakness in internal control over compliance, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance.

Our consideration of internal control over compliance was for the limited purpose described in the Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of Compliance section above and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control over compliance that might be material weaknesses or significant deficiencies in internal control over compliance. Given these limitations, during our audit we did not identify any deficiencies in internal control over compliance that we consider to be material weaknesses, as defined above. However, material weaknesses or significant deficiencies in internal control over compliance may exist that were not identified.

Our audit was not designed for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of internal control over compliance. Accordingly, no such opinion is expressed.

The purpose of this report on internal control over compliance is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over compliance and the results of that testing based on the requirements of Uniform Guidance. Accordingly, this report is not suitable for any other purpose.

Respectfully submitted,

Armstrong, Vaughan & Associates, P.C.

Arontony, Vaugen of Associatio, P.C.

May 31, 2023

### GOLIAD COUNTY SCHEDULE OF FINDINGS AND QUESTIONED COSTS – STATE AWARDS FOR THE YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2022

# A. Summary of Auditor's Results

B.

C.

D.

1.	Financial Statements			
	Type of auditor's report issued:	Unmodified		
	Internal control over financial reporting:			
	Any material weaknesses identified?	Yes	<u>X</u> 1	No
	Any significant deficiencies identified?	Yes	<u>X</u> 1	No
	Noncompliance material to financial Statements noted?	Yes	<u>X</u> 1	No
2.	State Awards			
	Internal control over major programs:			
	Any material weaknesses identified?	Yes	<u>X</u> 1	No
	Any significant deficiencies identified?	Yes	<u>X</u> 1	No
	Type of auditor's report issued on compliance for major programs:	<u>Unmodified</u>		
	Any audit findings disclosed that are required to be reported in accordance with TX Single Audit Circular?	Yes	_ <u>X</u> _1	No
	Identification of major programs:			
	Name of State Program Operation Lone Star			
	Dollar threshold used to distinguish between Type A and type B Programs:	\$300,000		
	Auditee qualified as low-risk auditee?	Yes	<u>X</u>	No
Fin: NO	ancial Statement Findings NE			
Stat NO	te Award Findings and Questioned Costs NE			
Prio	or Audit Findings Related to State Awards NE			

## GOLIAD COUNTY SCHEDULE OF FINDINGS AND QUESTIONED COSTS – FEDERAL AWARDS FOR THE YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2022

#### A. Summary of Auditor's Results

1. Financial Statements		
Type of auditor's report issued:	<u>Unmodified</u>	
Internal control over financial reporting:		
Any material weaknesses identified?	Yes	X No
Any significant deficiencies identified?	Yes	X No
Noncompliance material to financial Statements noted?	Yes	_X_ No
2. Federal Awards		
Internal control over major programs:		
Any material weaknesses identified?	Yes	_X_ No
Any significant deficiencies identified?	Yes	_X_ No
Type of auditor's report issued on compliance for major programs:	<u>Unmodified</u>	
Any audit findings disclosed that are required to be reported in accordance with Uniform Guidance?	Yes	_X_ No
Identification of major programs:		
Federal Program  Community Development Block Grant	<u>Assis</u>	tance Listing 14.228
Dollar threshold used to distinguish between Type A and type B Programs:	<u>\$750,000</u>	
Auditee qualified as low-risk auditee?	Yes	_X_ No
B. Financial Statement Findings: NONE		
C. Federal Award Findings and Questioned Costs: NONE		
D. Prior Audit Findings Related to Federal Awards: NONE		

# GOLIAD COUNTY SCHEDULE OF EXPENDITURES OF STATE AWARDS FOR THE YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2022

State Grantor/		
Pass-Through Grantor/	Grant	State
Program Title	Number	Expenditures
TEXAS DEPARTMENT OF TRANSPORTATION		
Direct Programs		
County Transportation Infrastructure Fund	N/A	\$ 128,546
Passed through Golden Crescent Regional Planning Commission		
Enhanced Mobility for Seniors and Individuals with Disabilities	N/A	16,976
TOTAL TEXAS DEPARTMENT OF TRANSPORTATION		145,522
TEXAS HISTORICAL COMMISSION		
Direct Programs		
Texas Historic Courthouse Preservation Program	N/A	155,222
TOTAL TEXAS HISTORICAL COMMISSION		155,222
TEXAS INDIGENT DEFENSE COMMISSION		
Direct Program		
Formula Grant	N/A	133,429
TOTAL TEXAS INDIGENT DEFENSE COMMISSION		133,429
TEXAS COMPTROLLER OF PUBLIC ACCOUNTS		
Direct Program		
Law Enforcement Officer Standards and Education Fund (LEOSE)	N/A	3,838
TOTAL TEXAS COMPTROLLER OF PUBLIC ACCOUNTS		3,838
TEXAS DEPARTMENT OF STATE HEALTH SERVICES		
Passed through Golden Crescent Regional Planning Commission		
Emergency Service Trauma Grants	N/A	10,722
TOTAL DEPARTMENT OF STATE HEALTH SERVICES		10,722
TEVA C COVERNOR		
TEXAS GOVERNOR		
Direct Program Border Star	N/A	10,628
		•
Operation Lone Star	N/A	452,016
TOTAL TEXAS GOVERNOR		462,644
TEXAS ATTORNEY GENERAL		
Direct Program		
Statewide Automated Victim Notification Service	N/A	5,990
TOTAL TEXAS ATTORNEY GENERAL		5,990
TOTAL EXPENDITURES OF STATE AWARDS		\$ 917,367

# GOLIAD COUNTY SCHEDULE OF EXPENDITURES OF FEDERAL AWARDS FOR THE YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2022

Federal Grantor/ Pass-Through Grantor/ Program Title U.S. DEPARTMENT OF TRANSPORTATION	Assistance Listing Number	Pass through Identifying Number	Federal Expenditures	
Passed Through Golden Crescent Regional Planning Com	mission			
Formula Grants for Rural Areas	20.509	N/A	\$ 163,380	
TOTAL U.S. DEPARTMENT OF TRANSPORTATION	ON		163,380	
U.S. DEPARTMENT OF HOMELAND SECURITY				
Direct Programs				
Operation Stonegarden Program	97.067	N/A	19,126	
TOTAL U.S. DEPARTMENT OF HOMELAND SEC	CURITY		19,126	
U.S. DEPARTMENT OF JUSTICE				
Passed through the Institute for Intergovernmental Resear	ch			
Southwest Border (SWB) Rural and Tribal Assistance	16.738	N/A	6,640	
Direct Program			•	
State Criminal Alien Assistance Program	16.606	N/A	2,403	
Asset Forfeiture Equitable Sharing Program	16.922	N/A	86,615	
TOTAL U.S. DEPARTMENT OF JUSTICE			95,658	
U.S. ELECTION ASSISTANCE COMMISSION				
Direct Program				
HAVA Election Security Grants	90.404	N/A	128,383	
TOTAL U.S. ELECTION ASSISTANCE COMMISS	ION		128,383	
U.S. DEPARTMENT OF THE TREASURY				
Direct Program				
Coronavirus State and Local Fiscal Recovery Funds	21.027	N/A	173,323	
TOTAL U.S. DEPARTMENT OF THE TREASURY			173,323	
U.S. DEPARTMENT OF HOUSING AND URBAN DEVELOPMENT				
Passed through Texas General Land Office				
Community Development Block Grant	14.228	N/A	600,234	
TOTAL U.S. DEPARTMENT OF HOUSING AND U	· ·		600,234	
			_	
TOTAL EXPENDITURES OF FEDERAL AWARDS			\$ 1,180,104	

# GOLIAD COUNTY NOTES TO THE SCHEDULE OF EXPENDITURES OF FEDERAL AND STATE AWARDS FOR THE YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2022

The accompanying schedules of expenditures of federal and state awards include the grant activity of the County and is presented on the modified accrual basis of accounting. The modified accrual basis of accounting is used for the Governmental Fund types. This basis of accounting recognizes revenue in the accounting period in which they become susceptible to accrual, i.e., both measurable and available, and expenditures in the accounting period in which the fund liability is incurred, if measurable.

Federal and state grant funds are considered to be earned to the extent of expenditures made under the provisions of the grant, and accordingly, when such funds are received, they are recorded as unearned revenue until earned.

The information in these schedules is presented in accordance with the requirements of the State of Texas Single Audit Circular ("Audit Circular") and Uniform Guidance. The Audit Circular was issued under the authority of the Texas Government Code, Chapter 783, entitled Uniform Grant and Contract Management. This circular sets standards for obtaining consistency and uniformity among state agencies for the coordinated audit of local governments expending any state awards. Because the schedules present only a selected portion of the operations of the County, it is not intended to and does not present the financial position of the County.

During the year ending September 30, 2022, the County did not provide any federal or state awards to subrecipients.

The County did not use the 10% de minimis indirect cost rate as allowed by Uniform Guidance.